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WORKSHOP

AGREEMENT

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English version

Extensions for Financial Services (XFS) interface specification -Release 3.02 - Part 27: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.00 to Version 3.02 - Programmer's Reference

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Foreword

This CWA is revision 3.02 of the XFS interface specification.

The CEN/ISSS XFS Workshop gathers suppliers as well as banks and other financial service companies. A list of companies participating in this Workshop and in support of this CWA is available from the CEN/ISSS Secretariat.

This CWA was formally approved by the XFS Workshop meeting on 2003-05-21. The specification is continuously reviewed and commented in the CEN/ISSS Workshop on XFS. It is therefore expected that an update of the specification will be published in due time as a CWA, superseding this revision 3.02.

The CWA is published as a multi-part document, consisting of:

Part 1: Application Programming Interface (API) - Service Provider Interface (SPI); Programmer's Reference

Part 2: Service Classes Definition; Programmer's Reference

Part 3: Printer Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 4: Identification Card Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 5: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 6: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 7: Check Reader/Scanner Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 8: Depository Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 9: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 10: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 11: Vendor Dependent Mode Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 12: Camera Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 13: Alarm Device Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 14: Card Embossing Unit Class Interface - Programmer's Reference

Part 15: Cash In Module Device Class Interface- Programmer's Reference

Part 16: Application Programming Interface (API) - Service Provider Interface (SPI) - Migration from Version 2.00 (see CWA 13449) to Version 3.00 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 17: Printer Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 2.00 (see CWA 13449) to Version 3.00 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 18: Identification Card Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 2.00 (see CWA 13449) to Version 3.00 (see CWA 14050-4:2000; superseded) - Programmer's Reference

Part 19: Cash Dispenser Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 2.00 (see CWA 13449) to Version 3.00 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 20: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 2.00 (see CWA 13449) to Version 3.00 (see CWA 14050-6:2000; superseded) - Programmer's Reference

Part 21: Depository Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 2.00 (see CWA 13449) to Version 3.00 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 22: Text Terminal Unit Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 2.00 (see CWA 13449) to Version 3.00 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 23: Sensors and Indicators Unit Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 2.00 (see CWA 13449) to Version 3.01 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 24: Camera Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 2.00 (see CWA 13449) to Version 3.00 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 25: Identification Card Device Class Interface - PC/SC Integration Guidelines

Part 26: Identification Card Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.00 (see CWA 14050-4:2000; superseded) to Version 3.02 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 27: PIN Keypad Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.00 (see CWA 14050-6:2000; superseded) to Version 3.02 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

Part 28: Cash In Module Device Class Interface - Migration from Version 3.00 (see CWA 14050-15:2000; superseded) to Version 3.02 (this CWA) - Programmer's Reference

In addition to these Programmer's Reference specifications, the reader of this CWA is also referred to a complementary document, called Release Notes. The Release Notes contain clarifications and explanations on the CWA specifications, which are not requiring functional changes. The current version of the Release Notes is available online from http://www.cenorm.be/isss/Workshop/XFS.

The information in this document represents the Workshop's current views on the issues discussed as of the date of publication. It is furnished for informational purposes only and is subject to change without notice. CEN/ISSS makes no warranty, express or implied, with respect to this document.

1. General

PIN has been enhanced to support EMV, GIE-CB, Remote Key Loading (Signature and Certificate), OPT, MAA MAC, and Multiple-Part Key Loading.

 $Clarification notes have been added on WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC to the WFS_INF_CAPABILITES and WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT commands$

EMV

This specification provides the capability to support EMV 4.0 in a branch or self-service environment.

GIE_CB

This specification provides the capability to support GIE-CB, which is the exchange of cryptographic secured data between hosts and ATMs.

Remote Key Loading

The Pinpad Specification now includes the capability to load the initial master symmetric DES keys in an automated secure way from a remote location. This is done by two alternative schemes for providing the key-loading authentication: three-party authentication through certificates and two-party authentication through signatures.

ОРТ

This specification also supports OPT (Online Personalization of Terminals). The German ZKA committee has defined a way to send keys to the EPP in an online dialog.

MAA MAC

This specification supports the ability to do a MAC computation with the MAA algorithm.

Multiple-Part Key Loading

This specification supports Multiple Key Part loading where keys are loaded into the encryptor in parts

2. Backwards Compatibility

2.1.GIE_CB

The WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES, WFS_ CMD_ PIN_GET_PINBLOCK, WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT, and WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO functions are modified.

2.2. Remote Key Loading

The additional CAPABILITIES and STATUS information have been added via the free-format *lpszExtra* field. Note that these fields would be incorporated fully within the CAPABILITIES and STATUS structure for XFS PIN 4.0 release.

All other changes are through the addition of new functions

Applications wishing to use the additional functionality would, require code changes for the new commands.

2.3. OPT

Added new execute command WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_INIT. Added new service event WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED. Added new protocols WFS_PIN_PROTPBM and WFS_PIN_PROTHSMLDI. Added new tags to WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_SET_DATA.

2.4. MAA MAC

Just an additional flag to the *fwAlgorithms* field of the CAPABILITIES structure, using one of the formerly unused bits.

2.5. Multiple-Part Key Loading

The WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX, WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL and WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX functions are modified.

3. New Chapters

3.1. Appendix

This section is used to further explain concepts and functionality that needs further clarification.

The terminology as described below is used within the following sections.

Definitions and Abbreviations

ATM	Automated Teller Machine, used here for any type of self-service terminal,		
	regardless whether it actually dispenses cash		
CA	Certificate Authority		
Certificate	A data structure that contains a public key and a name that allows certification of a public key belonging to a specific individual. This is certified using digital signatures.		
Host	The remote system that an ATM communicates with.		
КТК	Key Transport Key		
PKI	Public Key Infrastructure		
Private Key	That key of an entity's key pair that should only be used by that entity.		
Public Key	That key of an entity's key pair that can be made public.		
Symmetric Key	A key used with symmetric cryptography		
Verification Key	A key that is used to verify the validity of a certificate		
SignatureIssuer	An entity that signs the ATM's public key at production time, may be the ATM manufacturer		

Notation of Cryptographic Items and Functions

SK _E	The private key belonging to entity E
PK _E	The public belonging to entity E
SKATM	The private key belonging to the ATM/PIN
PK _{ATM}	The public key belonging to the ATM/PIN
SK _{HOST}	The private key belonging to the Host
PK _{HOST}	The public key belonging to the Host
SK _{SI}	The private key belonging to Signature Issuer
PK _{SI}	The public key belonging to Signature Issuer
K _{NAME}	A symmetric key
Cert _{HOST}	A Certificate that contains the public verification of the host and is signed by a
	trusted Certificate Authority.
Cert _{ATM}	A Certificate that contains the ATM/PINpublic verification or encipherment key,
	which is signed by a trusted Certificate Authority.
Cert _{CA}	The Certificate of a new Certificate Authority
R _{ATM}	Random Number of the ATM/PIN
I _{HOST}	Identifier of the Host
K _{KTK}	Key Transport Key
R _{HOST}	Random number of the Host
I _{ATM}	Identifier of the ATM/PIN
TP _{ATM}	Thumb Print of the ATM/PIN
Sign(SK _E)[D]	The signing of data block D, using the private key SK _E
Recover(PK _E)[S]	The recovery of the data block D from the signature S, using the private key PK_E
RSACrypt(PK _E)[D]	RSA Encryption of the data block D using the public key PK _E
Hash [M]	Hashing of a message M of arbitrary length to a 20 Byte hash value
Des(K) [D]	DES encipherment of an 8 byte data block D using the secret key K
Des ⁻¹ (K)[D]	DES decipherment of an 8 byte data block D using the 8 byte secret key K
Des3(K)[D]	Triple DES encipherment of an 8 byte data block D using the 16 byte secret key K =

	$(K_L \parallel K_R)$, equivalent to Des (K _L) [Des ⁻¹ (K _R) [Des (K _L) [D]]]
Des3 ⁻¹ (K) [D]	Triple DES decipherment of an 8 byte data block D using the 16 byte secret key K =
	$(K_L \parallel K_R)$, equivalent to Des ⁻¹ (K _L) [Des (K _R) [Des ⁻¹ (K _L) [D]]]
Rnd _E	A random number created by entity E
UIE	Unique Identifier for entity E
(A B)	Concatenation of A and B
	Concatenation of A and B

3.2. Remote Key Loading Using Signatures

3.2.1 RSA Data Authentification & Digital Signatures

Digital signatures rely on a public key infrastructure (PKI). The PKI model involves an entity, such as a Host, having a pair of encryption keys – one private, one public. These keys work in consort to encrypt, decrypt and authenticate data. One way authentication occurs is through the application of a digital signature. For example:

- The Host creates some data that it would like to digitally sign;
- Host runs the data through a hashing algorithm to produce a hash or digest of the data. The digest is unique to every block of data a digital fingerprint of the data, much smaller and therefore more economical to encrypt than the data itself;
- Digest is encrypted with the Host's private key.

This is the digital signature – a data block digest encrypted with the private key. The Host then sends the following to the ATM:

- data block
- digital signature
- Host's public key

To validate the signature, the ATM performs the following:

- ATM runs data through the standard hashing algorithm the same one used by the Host to produce a digest of the data received. Consider this digest₂;
- ATM uses the Host's public key to decrypt the digital signature. The digital signature was produced using the Host's private key to encrypt the data digest; therefore, when decrypted with the Host's public key it produces the same digest. Consider this digest₁. Incidentally, no other public key in the world would work to decrypt digest₁ only the public key corresponding to the signing private key.
- ATM compares digest₁ with digest₂.

If digest₁ matches digest₂ exactly, the ATM has confirmed the following:

- Data was not tampered with in transit. Changing a single bit in the data sent from the Host to the ATM would cause digest₂ to be different than digest₁. Every data block has a unique digest; therefore, the ATM detects an altered data block.
- Public key used to decrypt the digital signature corresponds to the private key used to create it. No other public key could possibly work to decrypt the digital signature, so the ATM was not handed someone else's public key.

This gives an overview of how Digital Signatures can be used in Data Authentication. In particular, . Signatures can be used to validate & securely install Encryption Keys. The following section describes Key Exchange and the use of Digital signatures.

3.2.2 RSA Secure Key Exchange using Digital Signatures

In summary, both end points, the ATM & the Host, inform each other of their Public Keys. This information is then used to securely send the PIN device Master Key to the ATM. A trusted third party, the Signature Issuer, is used to generate the signatures for the Public keys of each end point, ensuring their validity.

The detail of this is as follows: -

- Purpose: The Host wishes to install a new master key (K_M) on the ATM securely.
- Assumptions: 1. The Host has obtained the Public Key (PK_{SI}) from the Signature Issuer
 - 2. The Host has provided the Signature Issuer with its Public Key (PK_{HOST}), and receives the corresponding signature Sign (SK_{SI})[PKHOST]. The signature Issuer uses its own Private Key (SK_{SI}) to create this signature.
 - 4. (Optional). The host obtains a list of the valid PIN device's Unique Identifiers. The Signature Issuer installs a Signature Sign(SK_{SI})[UI_{ATM}] for the Unique Id (UI_{ATM}) on the ATM PIN. The Signature Issuer uses SK_{SI} to do this
 - 5. The Signature Issuer installs its Public Key (PK_{SI}) on the ATM PIN. It also derives and installs the Signature Sign $(SK_{SI})[PK_{ATM}]$ of the ATM PIN's Public Key (PK_{ATM}) on the ATM PIN. The Signature Issuer uses SK_{SI} to do this.
 - 6. The ATM PIN device additionally contains its own Public (PK_{ATM}) & Private Key (SK_{ATM}).

Step 1

The ATM PIN sends its Public Key to the Host in a secure structure: The ATM PIN sends its ATM Public Key with its associated Signature. When the Host receives this information it will use the Signature Issuer's Public Key to validate the signature and obtain the ATM Public Key.

The XFS command used to export the PIN public key securely as described above is WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM

Step 2 (Optional)

The Host verifies that the key it has just received is from a valid sender.

It does this by obtaining the PIN device unique identifier. The ATM PIN sends its Unique Identifier with its associated Signature. When the Host receives this information it will use the Signature Issuer's Public Key to validate the signature and retrieve the PIN Unique Identifier. It can then check this against the list it received from the Signature Issuer.

The XFS command used to export the PIN Unique Identifier is WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM.

Step 3

The Host sends its public key to the ATM PIN: The Host sends its Public Key and associated Signature. The ATM PIN verifies the signature using PK_{SI} and stores the key.

The XFS command used to export the PIN public key securely as described above is WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY

Step 4

The ATM PIN receives its Master Key from the Host: The Host encrypts the Master Key (K_M) with PK_{ATM} . A signature for this is then created using SK_{HOST} . The ATM PIN will then validate the signature using PK_{HOST} and then obtain the master key by decrypting using SK_{ATM} .

The XFS command used to exchange master symmetric keys as described above is WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY.

<u>Step 4 – Alternative including random number</u>

The host requests the ATM PIN to begin the DES key transfer process and generate a random number.

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The Host encrypts the Master Key (K_M) with PK_{ATM} . A signature for the random number and encrypted key is then created using SK_{HOST} .

The ATM PIN will then validate the signature using PK_{HOST} , verify the random number and then obtain the master key by decrypting using SK_{ATM} .

The XFS commands used to exchange master symmetric keys as described above is WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY.

The following diagrams summaries the key exchange process described above:

3.2.3 Initialization Phase – Signature Issuer & ATM PIN



This would typically occur in a secure manufacturing environment

3.2.4 Initialization Phase – Signature Issuer & Host

This would typically occur in a secure offline environment



3.2.5 Key Exchange – Host & ATM PIN

This following is a typical interaction for the exchange of the initial symmetric master key in a typical ATM Network. The following is the recommended sequence of interchanges



3.2.6 Key Exchange (with random number) – Host & ATM PIN

This following is a typical interaction for the exchange of the initial symmetric master key when the PIN device and service provider supports the WFS_CMD_PIN START_KEY_EXCHANGE command.



3.2.7 Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture

Several keys and a security item that is mandatory for the 2-party/Signature-authentication scheme are installed during manufacture. These items are given fixed names so multi-vendor applications can be developed without the need for vendor specific configuration tools.

Item Name	Item Type	Signed by	Description
"_SigIssuerVendor"	Public Key	N/A	The public key of the signature issuer, ie PK_{SI}
"_EPPCryptKey"	Public/Private key-pair	The private key associated with _SigIssuerVendor	The key-pair used to encrypt and decrypt the symmetric key, ie SK_{ATM} and PK_{ATM} . The public key is used for encryption by the host and the private for decryption by the EPP.

In addition the following optional keys can be loaded during manufacture.

Item Name	Item Type	Signed by	Description
"_EPPSignKey"	Public/Private key-pair	The private key associated with _SigIssuerVendor	A key-pair where the private key is used to sign data, e.g. other generated key pairs.

3.3. Remote Key Loading Using Certificates

3.3.1 Certificate Exchange and Authentication

In summary, both end points, the ATM & the Host, inform each other of their Public Keys. This information is then used to securely send the PIN device Master Key to the ATM. A trusted third party, Certificate Authority (or a HOST if it becomes the new CA), is used to generate the certificates for the Public Keys of each end point, ensuring their validity. NOTE: The WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE and WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_CERTIFICATE do not necessarily need to be called in the order below. This way though is the recommend way. The following flow is how the exchange authentication takes place:

- 1) WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE is called. In this message contains the host certificate, which has been signed by the trusted CA. The encryptor uses the Public Key of the CA (loaded at the time of production) to verify the validity of the certificate. If the certificate is valid, the encryptor stores the HOST's Public Verification Key.
- 2) Next, WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_CERTIFICATE is called. The encryptor then sends a message that contains a certificate, which is signed by the CA and is sent to the HOST. The HOST uses the Public Key from the CA to verify the certificate. If valid then the HOST stores the encryptor's verification or encryption key (primary or secondary this depends on the state of the encryptor).

The following diagram below shows how the Host and ATM Load and Get each others information to make Remote Key Loading possible:



3.3.2 Remote Key Exchange

After the above has been completed, the HOST is ready to load the key into the encryptor. The following is done to complete this and the application must complete the Remote Key Exchange in this order:

- First, the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE is called. This returns R_{ATM} from the encryptor to be used in the authenticating the WFS_CMD_PIN_ IMPORT_RSA_ENCHIPERED_PKCS7_KEY message.
- 2) Next, WFS_CMD_PIN_ IMPORT_RSA_ENCIPHERED_PKCS7_KEY is called. This commands sends down the KTK to the encryptor. The following items below show how this is accomplished.

a) HOST has obtained a Key Transport Key and wants to transfer it to the encryptor. HOST constructs a key block containing an identifier of the HOST, I_{HOST} , and the key, K_{KTK} , and enciphers the block, using the encryptor's Public Encryption Key from the WFS_CMD_PIN_GET CERTIFICATE command.

b) After completing the above, the HOST generates random data and builds the outer message containing the random number of the host, R_{HOST} , the random number of the encryptor returned in the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE command, R_{ATM} , the identifier of the encryptor, I_{ENC} , and the enciphered key block. The HOST signs the whole block using its private signature key and sends the message down to the encryptor.

The encryptor then verifies the HOST's signature on the message by using the HOST's Public Verification Key. Then checks the identifier and the random number of the encryptor passed in the message to make sure that the encryptor is talking to the right HOST. The encryptor then deciphers the enciphered block using it's private verification key. After the message has been deciphered, the encryptor checks the Identifier of the HOST. Finally, if everything checks out to this point the encryptor will load the Key Transport Key. NOTE: If one step of this verification occurs the encryptor will return the proper error to the HOST.

c) After the Key Transport Key has been accepted, the encryptor constructs a message that contains the random number of the host, the random number of the encryptor and the HOST identifier all signed by the private signature key of the encyptor. This message is sent to the host.

d) The HOST verifies the message sent from the encryptor by using the ATM's public verification key. The HOST then checks the identifier of the host and then compares the identifier in the message with the one stored in the HOST. Then checks the random number sent in the message and to the one stored in the HOST. The HOST finally checks the encryptor's random number with the one recieved in received in the WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE command.

The following diagram below shows how the Host and ATM transmit the Key Transport Key.



3.3.3 Replace Certificate

After the key is been loaded into the encryptor, the following could be completed:

 (Optional) WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE. This is called by entity that would like to take over the job of being the CA. The new CA requests a Certificate from the previous Certificate Authority. The HOST must over-sign the message to take over the role of the CA to ensure that the encryptor accepts the new Certificate Authority. The HOST sends the message to the encryptor. The encryptor uses the HOST's Public Verification Key to verify the HOST's signature. The encryptor uses the previous CA's Public Verification Key to verify the signature on the new Certificate sent down in the message. If valid, the EPP stores the new CA's certificate and uses the new CA's Public Verification Key, as it's new CA verification key. The diagram below shows how the Host and the ATM communicates to load the new CA.



3.3.4 Primary and Secondary Certificates

- Primary and Secondary Certificates for both the Public Verification Key and Public Encipherment Key are
 pre-loaded into the encryptor. Primary Certificates will be used until told otherwise by the HOST via the
 WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE or WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE commands.
 This change in state will be specified in the PKCS #7 message of the
 WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE or WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE commands.
 The reason why the HOST would want to change states is because the HOST thinks that the Primary
 Certificates have been compromised.
- After the HOST tells the encryptor to shift to the secondary certificate state, and then only Secondary Certificates can be used. The encryptor will no longer be able to go back to the Primary State and any attempts from the HOST to get or load a Primary Certificate will return an error. When either Primary or Secondary certificates are compromised it is up to the vendor on how the encryptor should be handled with the manufacturer.

3.4. German ZKA GeldKarte

3.4.1 Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTPBM

This protocol handles host messages between a terminal and a host system, as specified by PBM protocol.

For a documentation of this protocol see [Ref. 8] - [Ref. 13].

Some additions are defined to the PBM protocol in order to satisfy the German ZKA 3.0 PAC/MAC standard. See [Ref. 14].

The commands WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND and WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE handle the PAC and MAC in the VARDATA 'K' or 'Q' subfield of transactions records and responses. The MAC in the traditional MACODE field is not affected.

In order to enable the service provider to understand the messages, the application must provide the messages according to the following rules:

All alphanumeric fields must be coded in EBCDIC

Pre-Edit (padding and blank compression) must not be done by the application. The service provider will check the MACMODE field and will perform the pre-edit according to what the MACMODE field intends.

In order to enable the service provider to find the vardata subfield 'K' or 'Q', it must be included in the message by the application, with the indicator 'K' or 'Q' and its length set.

Because CARDDATA (track 2) and T3DATA (track 3) fields always take part in the MAC computation for a transaction record, these fields must be included in the message, even if they already have been sent to the host in a previous transaction record and the CI-Option SHORTREC prevents them from being sent again.

3.4.2 Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTHSMLDI

With this protocol an application can request information about the personalized OPT groups.

The information returned consists of personalisation record like in BMP62 of an OPT response but without MAC.

Data format:

XX XX VV group ID and version number (BCD format) XX number of LDIs within the group (BCD format) ... first LDI of the group ... last LDI of the group XX XX VV group ID and version number (BCD format) ... etc. for several groups

Each LDI consists of

NN	Number of the LDI
00	Alg. code
LL	Length of the following data
XXXX	data of the LDI

For each group ID the Service Provider must always return the standard LDI. LDI 01 must also be returned for groups AF XX VV. Further LDIs can be returned optionally.

3.5. EMV Support

EMV support by this specification consists in the ability of importing Certification Authority and Chip Card public keys, creating the PIN Blocks for offline PIN verification and verifying static and dynamic data. This section is used to further explain concepts and functionality that needs further clarification.

The PIN service is able to manage the EMV chip card regarding the card authentication and the RSA local PIN verification. Two steps are mandatory in order to reach these two functions: The loading of the keys which come from the Certification Authorities or from the card itself, and the EMV PIN block management.

The service provider is responsible for all key validation during the import process. The application is responsible for management of the key lifetime and expiry after the key is successfully imported.

3.5.1 Keys loading

The final goal of an application is to retrieve the keys located on card to perform the operations of authentication or local PIN check (RSA encrypted). These keys are provided by the card using EMV certificates and can be retrieved using a public key provided by a Certification Authority. The application should first load the keys issued by the Certification Authority. At transaction time the application will use these keys to load the keys that the application has retrieved from the chip card

3.5.2 Certification Authority keys

These keys are provided in the following formats:

- Plain text
- Plain Text with EMV 2000 Verification Data (See [Ref. 4] under the reference section for this document)
- EPI CA (or self signed) format as specified in the Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical Interface specification Version 1.4.
- PKCSV1_5 encrypted (as used by GIECB in France).

EPI CA format

The following table corresponds to table 4 of the Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical – Interface specification Version 1.4 and identifies the Europay Public Key (self-certified) and the associated data:

Field name	Length	Description	Format
ID of Certificate Subject	5	RID for Europay	Binary
Europay public key Index	1	Europay public key Index	Binary
Subject public key Algorithm Indicator	1	Algorithm to be used with the Europay public key Index, set to 0x01	Binary
Subject public key Length	1	Length of the Europay public key Modulus (equal to <i>Nca</i>)	Binary
Subject public key Exponent Length	1	Length of the Europay public key Exponent	Binary
Leftmost Digits of Subject public key	Nca-37	<i>Nca</i> -37 most significant bytes of the Europay public key Modulus	Binary
Subject public key Remainder	37	37 least significant bytes of the Europay public key Modulus	Binary
Subject public key Exponent	1	Exponent for Europay public key	Binary
Subject public key Certificate	Nca	Output of signature algorithm	Binary

Table 1

The following table corresponds to table 13 of the Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical – Interface specification Version 1.4 and identifies the Europay Public Key Hash code and associated data.:

Field name	Length	Description	Format
ID of Certificate Subject	5	RID for Europay	Binary
Europay public key Index	1	Europay public key Index	Binary
Subject public key Algorithm	1	Algorithm to be used with the Europay public	Binary
Indicator		key Index, set to 0x01	
Certification Authority public key	20	Hash-code for Europay public key	Binary
Check Sum			

Table 2

Table 2 corresponds to table 13 of the Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical – Interface specification Version 1.4.

3.5.3 Chip card keys

These keys are provided as EMV certificates which come from the chip card in a multiple layer structure (issuer key first, then the ICC keys). Two kinds of algorithm are used with these certificates in order to retrieve the keys: One for the issuer key and the other for the ICC keys (ICC public key and ICC PIN encipherment key). The associated data with these algorithms – The PAN (Primary Account Number) and the SDA (Static Data to be Authenticated) - come also from the chip card.

3.5.4 PIN block management

The PIN block management is done through the command WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK. A new format WFS_PIN_FORMEMV has been added to indicate to the PIN service that the PIN block must follow the requirements of the EMVco, Book2 – Security & Key management Version 4.0 document The parameter *lpsCustomerData* is used in this case to tranfer to the PIN service the challenge number coming from the chip card. The final encryption must be done using a RSA public key. Please note that the application is responsible to send the PIN block to the chip card inside the right APDU.

3.5.5 SHA-1 Digest

The SHA-1 Digest is a hash algorithm used by EMV in validating ICC static and dynamic data item. The SHA-1 Digest is supported through the WFS_CMD_PIN_DIGEST command. The application will pass the data to be hashed to the service provider. Once the encryptor completes the SHA-1 hash code, the Service Provider will return the 20-byte hash value back to the application.

3.6. French Cartes Bancaires

"Groupement des Cartes Bancaires" from France has specified a cryptographic architecture for ATM networks. See the document [Ref. 15] for details.

The XFS command WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO with the protocol WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_GIECB is used for

- ATM initialization
- Renewal of ATM master key
- Renewal of HOST master key
- Generation and loading of key transport key

Keys loaded or generated with WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO get names like any other keys in a XFS PIN service. WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_[EX] shows the key with this name and the name may be used with WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY[_EX] to delete a key.

3.6.1 Data Structure for WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO

Data will be transferred as tag-length-value (TLV) structure, encoded according to the distinguished encoding rules (DER) defined in [Ref. 16]

The following is a list of top-level tags defined for the use with WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_GIECB. All these tags have the APPLICATION class, therefore the Identifier Octets are (binary)

010n	n n n n	for the primitive types
011n	nnnn	for the constructed types

Tag Number	Primitive / Constructed	Identifier Octet	Contents
0	Р	0x40	Protocol Version The INTEGER value zero for this version of the protocol
1	Р	0x41	Interchange Code An ASCII string holding one of the interchange codes defined in [REF. 15], e.g. "HRN-H1"
2	С	0x62	Interchange Data The data items as defined by [REF. 15], see table below for details
3	Р	0x43	Key Name An ASCII string holding the name for the key being loaded or generated.

The Interchange Data (Tag 2) is constructed from data items where tag numbers of the sub-tags from 1 to 23 correspond to the data item numbers ("N^o donnée") as defined in section 3.1 of [Ref. 15]. Some of the data items consist of data elements, for these the constructed encoding will be used. For data items with no data elements the primitive encoding will be used.

All Tags have the CONTEXT class, therefore the Identifier Octets are (binary)

1 0 0 n	n n n n	for the primitive types
101n	n n n n	for the constructed types

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Tag (=Data Item No)	Primitive / Constructed	Identifier Octet	Data Item Label
1	С	0xA1	IdKG
2	С	0xA2	KTK-encrypted
3	С	0xA3	KGp
4	С	0xA4	KDp
5	С	0xA5	SnSCD
6	Р	0x86	Rand
7	Р	0x87	HOST authentication
8	Р	0x88	KDp signature
9	Р	0x89	KGp signature
10	Р	0x8A	KTK signature
11	Р	0x8B	KT-encrypted
12	Р	0x8C	Ksc-encrypted
13	Р	0x8D	PIN cryptogram
14	Р	0x8E	Seal
15	Р	0x8F	Thumbprint of KDp
16	Р	0x90	Thumbprint of KGp
17	С	0xB1	IdKD
18	С	0xB2	IdKTK
19	С	0xB3	IdKT
20	С	0xB4	IdKSC
21	Р	0x95	Manufacturer
22	С	0xB6	SCD type
23	С	0xB7	Firmware version

Inside the constructed data items, primitive encoding is used for the data elements, all tags having CONTEXT class with tag numbers corresponding to the data element numbers ("N^o d'élément de donnée") as defined in section 3.1 of [Ref. 15].

Example:

The example shows the DER encoding of the input for a WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO command, for the interchange "GIN-H5". All data except the 128-byte content of data item 7 is shown in hexadecimal (0x omitted for the sake of readability).

```
40 01 00
                                       (tag / length / value for Protocol Version 0)
41 06 47 49 4E 2D 47 34
                                              length / value for Interchange Code "GIN-H5")
                                       (tag /
62 81 B5
                                                      length for Interchange Data)
                                               (taq /
                                               (tag / length for data item 1)
  A1 14
      81 01 00
                                                       (data element 1)
      (data element 2)
      83 01 00
                                                       (data element 3)
   A5 10
                                               (tag / length for data item 5)
      81 03 00 00 00
                                                       (data element 1)
(data element 2)
      82 09 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                               (tag / length / value for data item 6)
(tag / length / value for data item 7)
   86 08 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
   87 81 80 <128 bytes>
                                       (tag / length / value for Key Name "MYKEY")
43 05 4D 59 4B 45 59
```

3.6.2 Command Sequence

The following list shows the sequence of actions an application has to take for the various *Cartes Bancaires* interchanges.

GIN (ATM initialization)

Action	Interchange Code	Key Name	Input Data Items	Output Data Items	
Thu	mbprint supplied	d by host via extern	al channel (GIN-H1)	
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-G2			21,22,23	
	Host Communication (GIN-G2 / GIN-H3)				
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-H3	Key Name for KG	3	16	
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-G4			5,6,1	
Host Communication (GIN-G4 / GIN-H5)					
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-H5	Key Name for KD	5,6,1,7		
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-G6			5,4,8	
Host Communication (GIN-G6)					
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GIN-G7			15	
Send thumbprint to host via external channel (GIN-G7)					

GRN (Renewal of ATM Master Key)

Action	Interchange Code	Key Name	Input Data Items	Output Data Items
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GRN-G1			5,6,1
Host Communication (GRN-G1 / GRN-H2)				
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GRN-H2	Key Name for KD	5,6,1,7	
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GRN-G3			5,4,8,17
Host Communication (GRN-G3)				
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	GRN-C		17	
	or			
	GRN-R			

The Interchange codes "GRN-C" to commit the transaction resp. "GRN-R" to roll back the transactions are an addition to those defined in [Ref. 15]

HRN (Renewal of HOST Master Key)

Action	Interchange Code	Key Name	Input Data Items	Output Data Items	
Host Communication (HRN-H1)					
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	HRN-H1	Key Name for KG	3,9,1		

DKT (Generation and Loading of KTK)

Action	Interchange Code	Key Name	Input Data Items	Output Data Items
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	DKT-G1			5,6
Host Communication (DKT-G1 / DKT-H2)				
WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO	DKT-H2	Key Name for KTK	5,6,2,10,1,17	

4. Changes to existing Chapters

4.1. References

1	XFS Application Programming Interface (API)/Service Provider Interface (SPI), Programmer's Reference
	Revision 3.00, October 18, 2000
2	RSA Laboratories, PKCS #7: Cryptographic Message Syntax Standard. Version 1.5, November 1993
<mark>3</mark>	SHA-1 Hash algorithm ANSI 9:30:2-1993: Public Key Cryptography for Financial Services Industry Part2
<mark>4</mark>	EMVCo, EMV2000 Integrated Circuit Card Specification for Payment Systems, Book 2 – Security and Key
	Management, Version 4.0, December 2000
<mark>5</mark>	Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical – Interface specification Version 1.4
<mark>6</mark>	ZKA / Bank-Verlag, Köln, Schnittstellenspezifikation für die ec-Karte mit Chip, Online-Personalisierung von
	Terminal-HSMs, Version 3.0, 2. 4. 1998
<mark>7</mark>	ZKA / Bank-Verlag, Köln, Schnittstellenspezifikation für die ZKA-Chipkarte, Online-Vor-Initialisierung und
	Online-Anzeige einer Außerbetriebnahme von Terminal-HSMs, Version 1.0, 04.08.2000
<mark>8</mark>	473x Programmers Reference Volume 1 - TP-820399-001A
<mark>9</mark>	473x Programmers Reference Volume 2 - TP-820403-001A
<mark>10</mark>	473x Programmers Reference Volume 3 - TP-820400-001A
<mark>11</mark>	473x Programmers Reference Volume 4 - TP-820404-001A
<mark>12</mark>	473x P-Model Programmers Reference - TP-820397-001A
<mark>13</mark>	473x Log Reference Guide - TP-820398-001A
<mark>14</mark>	Diebold's Specification for support of Online Preinitialization and Personalization of Terminal HSMs (OPT)
	and support for the PAC/MAC standards for the 473x Protocol, Diebold USA, Revision 1.10, revised on May
	<mark>2002</mark>
<mark>15</mark>	Groupement des Cartes Bancaires "CB", Description du format et du contenu des données cryprographiques
	échangées entre GAB et GDG, Version 1.3 / Octobre 2002
<mark>16</mark>	ITU-T Recommendation X.690 – ASN.1 encoding rules (also published as ISO/IEC International Standard
	8825-1), 1997

4.2. Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTISOLZ

This protocol handles ISO8583 messages between a "Ladeterminal" and a "Ladezentrale" (LZ).

Only messages in the new ISO format, with new MAC-format using session keys and Triple-DES are supported.

Both types of GeldKarte chip (type 0 = DEM, type 1 = EUR) are supported.

The service provider fills the following bitmap positions:

- BMP11: Trace-Nummer
- BMP57: Verschlüsselungsparameter (only the challenge value RND_{MES})
- BMP64: MAC

These bitmaps have to be present and the corresponding flag has to be set in the primary bitmap when the ISO message is passed to the HSM.

The following bitmap positions are checked by the service provider and have to be filled by the application:

Nachrichtent	ур
BMP3:	Abwicklungskennzeichen
BMP4:	Transaktionsbetrag
BMP12:	Uhrzeit
BMP13:	Datum
BMP25:	Konditionscode
BMP41:	Terminal-ID
BMP42:	Betreiber-BLZ (caution: "Ladeentgelt" also in BMP42 is not set by the EPP)
BMP61:	Online-Zeitpunkt
BMP62:	Chipdaten

The following bitmap positions are only checked if they are available:

BMP43: Standort	

BMP60: Kontodaten Ladeterminal

For a documentation of the Ladezentrale interface see [Ref. 6].

4.3. Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS

This protocol handles ISO8583 messages between a terminal and a "Personalisierungsstelle" (PS). These messages are about OPT.

The service provider creates the whole message with WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND, including message type and bitmap.

For a documentation of the Personalisierungsstelle interface see [Ref. 6] and [Ref. 7].

4.4. Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPZKA

This protocol is intended to handle messages between the application and a GeldKarte.

Both types of GeldKarte are supported.

Both types of load transactions ("Laden vom Kartenkonto" and "Laden gegen andere Zahlungsmittel") are supported.

See the chapter "Command Sequence" below for the actions that service providers take for the various chip card commands.

Only the command APDUs to and the response APDUs from the chip must be passed to the service provider, the ATR (answer to reset) data from the chip is not passed to the service provider.

For a documentation of the chip commands used to load a GeldKarte see [Ref. 6].

5. New Info Commands

None.

6. Changes to existing Info Commands

6.1.WFS_INF_PIN_STATUS

Description The WFS_INF_PIN_STATUS command returns several kinds of status information.

Input Param None. Output Param LPWFSPINSTATUS lpStatus; typedef struct _wfs_pin_status WORD fwDevice; WORD fwEncStat; LPSTR lpszExtra; } WFSPINSTATUS, * LPWFSPINSTATUS; fwDevice Specifies the state of the PIN pad device as one of the following flags: Value Meaning WFS_PIN_DEVONLINE The device is online (i.e. powered on and operable). WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE The device is offline (e.g., the operator has taken the device offline by turning a switch or pulling out the device). WFS PIN DEVPOWEROFF The device is powered off or physically not connected. There is no device intended to be there; e.g. this type of WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE self-service machine does not contain such a device or it is internally not configured. WFS_PIN_DEVHWERROR The device is inoperable due to a hardware error. WFS_PIN_DEVUSERERROR The device is present but a person is preventing proper device operation. The device is busy and unable to process an execute WFS_PIN_DEVBUSY command at this time. fwEncStat Specifies the state of the Encryption Module as one of the following flags: Value Meaning WFS_PIN_ENCREADY The encryption module is initialized and ready (at least one key is imported into the encryption module). WFS PIN ENCNOTREADY The encryption module is not ready. WFS PIN ENCNOTINITIALIZED The encryption module is not initialized (no master key loaded). WFS_PIN_ENCBUSY The encryption module is busy (implies that the device is busy). WFS_PIN_ENCUNDEFINED The encryption module state is undefined. WFS_PIN_ENCINITIALIZED The encryption module is initialized and master key (where required) and any other initial keys are loaded; ready to import other keys.

lpszExtra

Specifies a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended, information. The information is returned as a series of "key=value" strings so that it is easily extendable by service providers. Each string will be null-terminated, with the final string terminating with two null characters.

For Remote Key Loading using Certificates, the following key/value pairs indicate the level of support of the service provider. If these pairs are not returned then this indicates the SP does not support the corresponding feature:

<u>CERTIFCATESTATE=<0xnnnnnnn>, where nnnnnnn is the ASCII representation of a hexadecimal value. This state determines which public verification or encryption key should be read out of the device. For example CERTIFICATESATE =0x000000001 indicates that the state of the Encryptor is Primary. The possible values are the following:</u>

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CERT_PRIMARY	The encryption module indicates that all pre-loaded certificates have been loaded and that primary verification certificates will be accepted for the commands WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE or WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE
WFS_PIN_CERT_SECONDARY	The encryption module indicates that primary verification certificates will not be accepted and only secondary verification certificates will be accepted. If primary certificates have been compromised (which the certificate authority or the host detects), then secondary certificates should be used in any transaction. This is done by calling the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE command or the WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE.
WFS_PIN_CERT_NOTREADY	The certificate module is not ready. (The device is powered off or physically not present).

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments Applications that require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter may not be device or vendor-independent.

6.2. WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES

Input Param Output Param

Description This command is used to retrieve the capabilities of the PIN pad.

None.	
LPWFSPINCAPS lpC	aps;
typedef struct _v {	wfs_pin_caps
WORD	wClass;
WORD	fwType;
BOOL	bCompound;
USHORT	usKeyNum;
WORD	fwAlgorithms;
WORD	fwPinFormats;
WORD	fwDerivationAlgorithms;
WORD	fwPresentationAlgorithms;
WORD	fwDisplay;
BOOL	bIDConnect;
WORD	fwIDKey;
WORD	fwValidationAlgorithms;
WORD	fwKeyCheckModes;
LPSTR	lpszExtra;
} WFSPINCAPS,	* LPWFSPINCAPS;

wClass

Specifies the logical service class, value is: WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_PIN

fwType

Specifies the type of the PIN pad security module as a combination of the following flags. PIN entry is only possible when at least WFS_PIN_TYPEEPP and WFS_PIN_TYPEEDM are set. In order to use the ZKA-Electronic purse, all flags must be set.

value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_TYPEEPP	electronic PIN pad (keyboard data entry device)
WFS_PIN_TYPEEDM	encryption/decryption module
WFS_PIN_TYPEHSM	hardware security module (electronic PIN pad and
	encryption module within the same physical unit)

bCompound

Specifies whether the logical device is part of a compound physical device and is either TRUE or FALSE.

usKeyNum

Number of the keys which can be stored in the encryption/decryption module.

fwAlgorithms

Supported encryption modes; a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESECB	Electronic Code Book
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCBC	Cipher Block Chaining
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCFB	Cipher Feed Back
WFS_PIN_CRYPTRSA	RSA Encryption
WFS_PIN_CRYPTECMA	ECMA Encryption
WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESMAC	MAC calculation using CBC
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESECB	Triple DES with Electronic Code Book
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCBC	Triple DES with Cipher Block Chaining
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCFB	Triple DES with Cipher Feed Back
WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC	Last Block Triple DES MAC as defined in ISO/IEC
	9797-1:1999, using: block length n=64, Padding Method
	1 (when bPadding=0), MAC Algorithm 3, MAC length m
	where 32<=m<=64

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WFS_PIN_CRYPTMAAMAC MAC calculation using the Message authenticator algorithm as defined in ISO 8731-2

fwPinFormats

Supported PIN formats; a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_FORM3624	PIN left justified, filled with padding characters, PIN
	length 4-16 digits. The Padding Character is a
	Hexadecimal Digit in the range 0x00 to 0x0F.
WFS_PIN_FORMANSI	PIN is preceded by 0x00 and the length of the PIN (0x04
	to 0x0C), filled with padding character 0x0F to the right,
	PIN length 4-12 digits, XORed with PAN (Primary
	Account Number, minimum 12 digits without check
	number)
WFS_PIN_FORMISO0	PIN is preceded by 0x00 and the length of the PIN (0x04
	to 0x0C), filled with padding character 0x0F to the right,
	PIN length 4-12 digits, XORed with PAN (Primary
	Account Number, no minimum length specified, missing
WES DIN FORMISOI	digits are filled with 0x00) DIN is preseded by 0x01 and the length of the DIN (0x04
WF5_FIN_FORMISOI	Find is preceded by 0x01 and the religin of the Find $(0x04)$
	field (10 digits)
WES PIN FORMECI2	(similar to WES_PIN_FORM3624) PIN only 4 digits
WES PIN FORMECI3	PIN is preceded by the length (digit) PIN length 4-6
	digits, the padding character can range from X'0' through
	X'F'.
WFS_PIN_FORMVISA	PIN is preceded by the length (digit), PIN length 4-6
	digits. If the PIN length is less than six digits the PIN is
	filled with X'0' to the length of six, the padding character
	can range from X '0 ' through X '9 ' (This format is also
	referred to as VISA2).
WFS_PIN_FORMDIEBOLD	PIN is padded with the padding character and may be not
	encrypted, single encrypted or double encrypted.
WFS_PIN_FORMDIEBOLDCO	PIN with the length of 4 to 12 digits, each one with a $(X^2)^2 + (X^2)^2$
	value of X 0 to X 9, is preceded by the one-digit
	coordination number with a value from $X'0'$
	to X'F' and may be not encrypted single encrypted or
	double encrypted
WFS PIN FORMVISA3	PIN with the length of 4 to 12 digits, each one with a
	value of X'0' to X'9', is followed by a delimiter with the
	value of X'F' and then padded by the padding character
	with a value between X'0' to X'F'.
WFS_PIN_FORMBANKSYS	PIN is encrypted and formatted according to the Banksys
	Pin Block specifications.
WFS_PIN_FORMEMV	The PIN block is constructed as follows: PIN is preceded
	by 0x02 and the length of the PIN (0x04 to 0x0C), filled
	with padding character 0x0F to the right, formatted up to
	248 bytes of other data as defined within the EMV 4.0
WES DIN EODMISO2	PIN is preceded by 0v02 and the length of the DIM (0v04
WF3_PIIN_FOKIVIISU3	to 0x0C) padding characters sequentially or randomly
	chosen XORed with digits from PAN
	chosen, AORea with aights from 1 Aiv.

fwDerivationAlgorithms

Supported derivation algorithms; a combination of the following flags:

Value	e	,	Meaning

WFS_PIN_CHIP_ZKA	Algorithm for the derivation of a chip card individual key
	as described by the German ZKA.

fwPresentationAlgorithms

Supported presentation algorithms; a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_PRESENT_CLEAR	Algorithm for the presentation of a clear text PIN to a chipcard.

fwDisplay

Specifies the type of the display used in the PIN pad module as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_DISPNONE	no display unit
WFS_PIN_DISPLEDTHROUGH	lights next to text guide user
WFS_PIN_DISPDISPLAY	a real display is available (this doesn't apply for self-
	service)

bIDConnect

Specifies whether the PIN pad is directly physically connected to the ID card unit. The value of this parameter is either TRUE or FALSE.

fwIDKey

Specifies whether an ID key is supported as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_IDKEYINITIALIZATION	ID key supported in the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_INITIALIZATION command.
WFS_PIN_IDKEYIMPORT	ID key supported in the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY command.

fwValidationAlgorithms

Specifies the algorithms for PIN validation supported by the service; combination of the following flags:

Meaning
DES algorithm
EUROCHEQUE algorithm
VISA algorithm
DES offset generation algorithm
Banksys algorithm.

fwKeyCheckModes

Specifies the key check modes that are supported to check the correctness of an imported key value; can be a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value is created by an encryption of
	the key with itself.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value is created by an encryption of
	the key with a zero value.

lpszExtra

Points to a list of vendor-specific, or any other extended information. The information is returned as a series of "key=value" strings so that it is easily extendable by service providers. Each string is null-terminated, with the final string terminating with two null characters.

For German HSMs this parameter will contain the following information:

- HSM=<HSM vendor> (can contain the values KRONE, ASCOM, IBM or NCR)
- JOURNAL=<0/1> (0 means that the HSM does not support journaling by the WFS CMD PIN GET JOURNAL command, 1 means it supports journaling)

For Remote Key Loading the following key/value pairs indicate the level of support of the service provider. If these pairs are not returned then this indicates the SP does not support the corresponding feature:

REMOTE_KEY_SCHEME=<0xnnnnnnn, where nnnnnnn is the ASCII representation of a hexadecimal value. REMOTE_KEY_SCHEME will specify to the user which type(s) of Remote Key Loading/Authentication is supported. For example,

"REMOTE_KEY_SCHEME=0x00000002" indicates that three-party certificates are supported. The support level is defined as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_2PARTY_SI	G Two-party Signature based
	authentication
WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_3PARTY_CI	ERT Three-party Certificate based
	authentication
RSA_SIGN_ALGORITHM=<0xnnnnnn	>, where nnnnnnn is the ASCII representation
of a hexadecimal value. RSA_SIGN_ALGO	DRITHM will specify what type(s) of RSA
Signature Algorithms is supported. For example, so the second s	mple,
"RSA_SIGN_ALGORITHM=0x00000001"	" indicates that RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5 is
supported. The support level is defined as a	combination of the following flags:
Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V	V1_5 SSA_PKCS_V1_5 Signatures
	supported
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	SSA_PSS Signatures supported
RSA CRYPT ALGORITHM=<0xpppppp	nn> where nnnnnnn is the ASCII
representation of a hexadecimal value RSA	CRYPT ALGORITHM will specify what
type(s) of RSA encipherment algorithms is	supported. For example.
"RSA CRYPT ALGORITHM=0x0000000	02" indicates that RSAES OAEP is supported
The support level is defined as a combination	on of the following flags:
Value	Meaning
WES PIN CRYPT RSAFS PKCS1	V1 5 AES PKCS V1 5 algorithm
	supported
WFS PIN CRYPT RSAES OAEP	AES OAEP algorithm supported
	- 6 11
DSA KEY CHECK MODE - (Organization	where program is the ASCU concentration
cf a haved a simel value DSA KEY CHEC	III >, where minimum is the ASCH representation of key choose with a specify what type of key choose the second se
of a fiexadecilitat value. KSA_KET_CHEC	K_WODE will specify what type of key chec
value can be returned from a RSA key impo	ort function For example
value can be returned from a RSA key impo	ort function. For example,
value can be returned from a RSA key impo "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x0000000 support level is defined as a combination of	ort function. For example, 1" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags:
value can be returned from a RSA key impo "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x0000000 support level is defined as a combination of	ort function. For example, 1" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags:
value can be returned from a RSA key impo "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x0000000 support level is defined as a combination of	ort function. For example, 11" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags:
value can be returned from a RSA key impo "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x0000000 support level is defined as a combination of Value	ort function. For example, 11" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags: Meaning
value can be returned from a RSA key impo "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x0000000 support level is defined as a combination of Value WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1	ort function. For example, 1" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags: Meaning The key check value contains a SHA 1
value can be returned from a RSA key impo "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x0000000 support level is defined as a combination of <u>Value</u> WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1	ort function. For example, 01" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags: <u>Meaning</u> The key check value contains a SHA 1 of the public key as defined in Ref. 3.
value can be returned from a RSA key impo "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x0000000 support level is defined as a combination of <u>Value</u> WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1	ort function. For example, 01" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags: <u>Meaning</u> The key check value contains a SHA 1 of the public key as defined in Ref. 3.
value can be returned from a RSA key impo "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x0000000 support level is defined as a combination of Value WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1	ort function. For example, 11" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags: <u>Meaning</u> The key check value contains a SHA 1 of the public key as defined in Ref. 3.
value can be returned from a RSA key impo "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x0000000 support level is defined as a combination of Value WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1 SIGNATURE_CAPABILITIES=<0xnnnnn	ort function. For example, 11" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags: <u>Meaning</u> The key check value contains a SHA 1 of the public key as defined in Ref. 3. nnn>, where nnnnnnn is the ASCII
value can be returned from a RSA key impo "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x0000000 support level is defined as a combination of <u>Value</u> WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1 SIGNATURE_CAPABILITIES=<0xnnnnn representation of a hexadecimal value. SIG	ort function. For example, 11" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags: <u>Meaning</u> The key check value contains a SHA 1 of the public key as defined in Ref. 3. unn>, where nnnnnnn is the ASCII NATURE_CAPABILITIES will specify whic
value can be returned from a RSA key import "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x00000000 support level is defined as a combination of <u>Value</u> WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1 SIGNATURE_CAPABILITIES=<0xnnnn representation of a hexadecimal value. SIG capabilities are supported by the Signature signature	ort function. For example, 11" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags: Meaning The key check value contains a SHA 1 of the public key as defined in Ref. 3. unn>, where nnnnnnn is the ASCII NATURE_CAPABILITIES will specify which scheme. The signature capabilities are defined
value can be returned from a RSA key import "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x00000000 support level is defined as a combination of <u>Value</u> WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1 SIGNATURE_CAPABILITIES=<0xnnnnn representation of a hexadecimal value. SIGN capabilities are supported by the Signature so as a combination of the following flags:	ort function. For example, 11" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags: <u>Meaning</u> The key check value contains a SHA 1 of the public key as defined in Ref. 3. nnn>, where nnnnnnn is the ASCII NATURE_CAPABILITIES will specify which scheme. The signature capabilities are defined
value can be returned from a RSA key import "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x00000000 support level is defined as a combination of Value WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1 SIGNATURE_CAPABILITIES=<0xnnnnn representation of a hexadecimal value. SIGI capabilities are supported by the Signature s as a combination of the following flags:	ort function. For example, 11" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags: <u>Meaning</u> The key check value contains a SHA 1 of the public key as defined in Ref. 3. nnn>, where nnnnnnn is the ASCII NATURE_CAPABILITIES will specify which scheme. The signature capabilities are defined
value can be returned from a RSA key import "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x00000000 support level is defined as a combination of Value WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1 SIGNATURE_CAPABILITIES=<0xnnnnn representation of a hexadecimal value. SIG1 capabilities are supported by the Signature s as a combination of the following flags: Value	ort function. For example, 11" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags: <u>Meaning</u> The key check value contains a SHA 1 of the public key as defined in Ref. 3. nnn>, where nnnnnnn is the ASCII NATURE_CAPABILITIES will specify which scheme. The signature capabilities are defined Meaning
value can be returned from a RSA key import "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x00000000 support level is defined as a combination of Value WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1 SIGNATURE_CAPABILITIES=<0xnnnm representation of a hexadecimal value. SIGE capabilities are supported by the Signature set as a combination of the following flags: Value WFS_PIN_SIG_GEN_RSA_KEY_PA	ort function. For example, 11" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags: <u>Meaning</u> The key check value contains a SHA 1 of the public key as defined in Ref. 3. mnn>, where mmmmnnn is the ASCII NATURE_CAPABILITIES will specify which scheme. The signature capabilities are defined <u>Meaning</u> JR Specifies if the Service Provider supports
value can be returned from a RSA key import "RSA_KEY_CHECK_MODE=0x00000000 support level is defined as a combination of Value WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1 SIGNATURE_CAPABILITIES=<0xnnnnn representation of a hexadecimal value. SIGD capabilities are supported by the Signature states as a combination of the following flags: Value WFS_PIN_SIG_GEN_RSA_KEY_PA	ort function. For example, 11" indicates that SHA1 is supported. The f the following flags: <u>Meaning</u> The key check value contains a SHA 1 of the public key as defined in Ref. 3. unn>, where nnnnnnn is the ASCII NATURE_CAPABILITIES will specify whic scheme. The signature capabilities are defined <u>Meaning</u> IR Specifies if the Service Provider supports the RSA Signature Scheme

WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_RSA_KEY
_PAIR and
WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_EPP_SI
GNED commands.
WFS_PIN_SIG_RANDOM_NUMBER Specifies if the Service Provider returns a
random number from the
WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHAN

	GE command within the RSA Signature	
	Scheme.	
FS_PIN_SIG_EXPORT_EPP_ID	Specifies if the Service Provider supports	
	exporting the EPP Security Item within the	
	RSA Signature Scheme.	

W

For EMV support the following key/value pairs indicate the level of support of the service provider. Note that a series of this key/value pairs may occur that lists all import schemes supported by the PIN SP. If these pairs are not returned then this indicates that the SP does not support the corresponding feature.

-EMV_IMPORT_SCHEME=<0xnnnn>, this field will specify to the user how the specified key will be imported. nnnn is the ASCII representation of a single hexadecimal value which defines the import scheme. A series of these pairs may be returned to support multiple import schemes.

The specific values that are used for nnnn are defined within the 'C' include file see section <u>"Changes to C - Header File"</u>. The following descriptions use the 'C' constant name.

Value	Maarina
value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PLAIN_CA	A plain text CA public key is imported
	with no verification.
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_CHKSUM_CA	A plain text CA public key is imported
	using the EMV 2000 verification
	algorithm. See reference 4.
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_EPI_CA	A CA public key is imported using the
	self-sign scheme defined in the Europay
	International, EPI CA Module
	Technical – Interface specification
	Version 1.4, reference 5
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ISSUER	An Issuer public key is imported as
	defined in EMV 2000 Book II,
	reference 4.
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC	An ICC public key is imported as
	defined in EMV 2000 Book II,
	reference 4.
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC_PIN	An ICC PIN public key is imported as
	defined in EMV 2000 Book II,
	reference 4.
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PKCSV1_5_CA	A CA public key is imported and
	verified using a signature generated
	with a private key for which the public
	key is already loaded

-EMV_HASH=<0xnnn>, this field will specify to the user which type of Hash Algorithm is supported by the service provider. nnnn is the ASCII representation of the combination of hash algorithms supported by the service provider.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_HASH_SHA1_DIGEST	The SHA 1 digest algorithm is
	supported by the
	WFS_CMD_PIN_DIGEST command.

The capabilities associated with key loading in multiple part are defined by the following:

PIN_IMPORT_KEY_PARTS=<0/1> (0 means the device does not support key import in multiple parts, 1 means the device supports key import in multiple parts)

A Service Provider that supports the WFS_CMD_PIN_ENCIO command, shall add information about what protocols it supports as:

- ENCIOPROTOCOLS=0xnnnn

where nnnn is the ASCII representation of the combination of the values supported for the *wProtocol* parameter.

Error Codes Only the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments Applications that require or expect specific information to be present in the *lpszExtra* parameter may not be device or vendor-independent.

6.3. WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL

Description This command returns detailed information about the keys in the encryption module. This command will also return information on symmetric keys loaded during manufacture that can be used by applications. If a public or private key name is specifed this command will return WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND. If the application wants all keys returned, then all keys except the public or private keys are returned.

Input Param LPSTR lpsKeyName; *lpsKeyName* Name of the key for which detailed information is requested. If NULL, detailed information about all the keys in the encryption module is returned.

Output Param LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL * lppKeyDetail;

Pointer to a null-terminated array of pointers to key detail structures.

typedef struct _wfs_pin_key_detail
{
 LPSTR lpsKeyName;
 WORD fwUse;
 BOOL bLoaded;
 } WFSPINKEYDETAIL, * LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL;

lpsKeyName

Specifies the name of the key.

fwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key is used as a combination of the following flags: Value Meaning

	8
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	key can be used for encryption/decryption
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	key can be used for PIN functions
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	key can be used for MACing
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	key is used as key encryption key
WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE	key can be imported only once
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	key is used as CBC Start Value encryption key
WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT	key is under construction through the import of
	multiple parts.

bLoaded

Specifies whether the key has been loaded (imported from Application or locally from Operator) and is either TRUE or FALSE.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning	
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key name is not found.	

Comments None.

6.4. WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX

Description	This command returns extended detailed in including DES, private and public keys. In expiry date can be returned only for keys WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SENI dependant mechanism. This command with manufacture that can be used by application	nformation about the keys in the encryption module, nformation like generation, version, activating and which are loaded via the O command with WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS or a vendor Il also return information on all keys loaded during ons.		
Input Param	LPSTR lpsKeyName;			
	<i>lpsKeyName</i> Name of the key for which detailed info If NULL, detailed information about all	ormation is requested. the keys in the encryption module is returned.		
Output Param	LPWFSPINKEYDETAILEX * lppK	eyDetailEx;		
	Pointer to a null-terminated array of pointers to key detail structures.			
	typedef struct _wfs_pin_key_det	ail_ex		
	{ LPSTR lpsKeyName;			
	DWORD dwUse;			
	BYTE bGeneration; BYTE bVersion;			
	BYTE bActivatingDate[4];			
	BYTE bExpiryDate[4];			
	BOOL BLoaded; } WFSPINKEYDETAILEX, * LPWFSPINKEYDETAILEX;			
	<i>lpsKeyName</i> Specifies the name of the key.			
	dwUse			
	Specifies the type of access for which the Value	he key is used as a combination of the following flags: Meaning		
	WFS PIN USECRYPT	key can be used for encryption/decryption		
	WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	key can be used for PIN functions		
	WFS_PIN_USEMACING	key can be used for MACing		
	WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	key is used as key encryption key		
	WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE	key can be imported only once		
	WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	key is used as CBC Start Value encryption key		
	WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL	key is used for local PIN check		
	WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLIC	key is used as a public key for RSA encryption		
	WES DIN LISERSADRIVATE	hichding ENTV FIN DIOCK cleanon key is used as a private key for RSA decryption		
	WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATESIG	N key is used as a private key for RSA decryption.		
	generation. Only data generated within the device can			
		be signed.		
	WFS_PIN_USECHIPINFO	key is used as KGK _{INFO} key (only ZKA standard)		
	WFS_PIN_USECHIPPIN	key is used as KGK _{PIN} key (only ZKA standard)		
	WFS_PIN_USECHIPPS	key is used as K _{PS} key (only ZKA standard)		
	WFS_PIN_USECHIPMAC	key is used as K_{MAC} key (only ZKA standard)		
	WFS_PIN_USECHIPLT	key is used as KGK _{LT} key (only ZKA standard)		
	WFS_PIN_USECHIPMACLZ	key is used as K _{PACMAC} key (only ZKA standard)		
	WFS_PIN_USECHIPMACAZ	key is used as K _{MASTER} key (only ZKA standard)		

WFS PIN USERSA	PUBLICVERIFY	ev is used as a	public key for	or RSA signature
	CDDIC (Dian 1)	<i>y</i> 10 0000 00 0	pacine ne j r	or reorr orgination o

WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT

verification and/or data decryption. key is under construction through the import of multiple parts. This value can be returned in combination with any one of the other key usage flags

bGeneration

Specifies the generation of the key as BCD value. Will be 0xff if no such information is available for the key.

bVersion

Specifies the version of the key as BCD value. Will be 0xff if no such information is available for the key.

bActivatingDate

Specifies the date when the key is activated as BCD value in the format YYYYMMDD. Will be 0xffffffff if no such information is available for the key.

bExpiryDate

Specifies the date when the key expires as BCD value in the format YYYYMMDD. Will be 0xffffffff if no such information is available for the key.

bLoaded

Specifies whether the key has been loaded (imported from Application or locally from Operator) and is either TRUE or FALSE.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning	
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key name is not found.	

Comments . When the PIN contains a public/private key-pair, only the private part of the key will be reported. Every private key in the PIN will always have a corresponding public key with the same name. The public key can be exported with WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_EPP_SIGNED_ITEM.
7.1. WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_INIT

Description This command is used to set an HSM out of order. At the same time the online time can be set to control when the OPT online dialog (see Protocol WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS) shall be started to initialize the HSM again. When this time is reached a WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED event will be sent.

Input Param	LPWFSPINHSMINIT	lpHsmInit;
	typedef struct _ · {	wfs_pin_hsm_init
	LPWFSXDATA } WFSPINHSMIN	lpxOnlineTime; IT, * LPWFSPINHSMINIT

wInitMode

Specifies the init mode as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_INITTEMP	Initialize the HSM temporarily (K_UR remains
	loaded)
WFS_PIN_INITDEFINITE	Initialize the HSM definitely (K_UR is deleted)
WFS_PIN_INITIRREVERSIBLE	Initialize the HSM irreversibly (can only be restored
	by the vendor)

lpxOnlineTime

Output Param	None.		
Error Codes	The following additional error codes can be generated by this command:		
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The specified init mode is not supported.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID	The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this command.	
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref command:	E. 1], the following events can be generated by this	
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGE	ED The terminal data has changed.	
Comments	None.		

7.2. Common commands for Remote Key Loading Schemes

This section describes those commands that are common between the two Remote Key Loading Schemes. The commands defined within this section can be used for both the Remote Key Loading Scheme using Signatures and the Remote Key Loading Scheme using Certificates. Section 3.1 provides additional explanation on how these commands are used.

7.2.1 WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE

Description This command is used to start the transfer of the host's Key Transport Key. This output value is returned to the host and is used in the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCIPHERED_PKCS7_KEY and WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY commands to verify that the encryptor is talking to the proper host. The WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCIPHERED_PKCS7_KEY and WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY commands end the key exchange process. **Input Param** None Output Param LPWFSPINSTARTKEYEXCHANGE lpStartKeyExchange; typedef struct _ wfs_pin_start_key_exchange LPWFSXDATA lpxRandomItem; } wfspinstartkeyexchange, * Lpwfspinstartkeyexchange; *lpxRandomItem* Pointer to a randomly generated number created by the encryptor, which will be used to verify the Key Transport message sent from the host. If the PIN device does not support random number generation and verification, a zero length random number is returned and a NULL lpbData pointer is returned. Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command: Value Meaning WFS ERR PIN ACCESSDENIED The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason. **Events** None. Comments None.

7.3. Remote Key Loading Using Signatures

This section contains commands that are used for Remote Key Loading with Signatures. Applications wishing to use such functionality must use these commands. Section 3.2 provides additional explanation on how these commands are used. Section 0 defines the fixed names for the Security Item and RSA keys that must be loaded during manufacture.

7.3.1 WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY

Description Th

The Public RSA key passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module. The dwUse parameter restricts the cryptographic functions that the imported key can be used for.

This command provides similar public key import functionality to that provided with WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX. The primary advantage gained through using this function is that the imported key can be verified as having come from a trusted source. If a Signature algorithm is specified that is not supported by the PIN SP, then the request will not be accepted and the command fails.

Input Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY

lpImportRSAPublicKey;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_public_key

1	
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxValue;
DWORD	dwUse;
LPSTR	lpsSigKey;
DWORD	dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxSignature;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLIC	CKEY, * LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY;

lpsKey

Specifies the name of key being loaded

lpxValue

Contains the PKCS #1 formatted RSA Public Key to be loaded, represented in DER encoded ASN.1.

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise the parameter can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLIC	key is used as a public key for RSA
	Encryption including EMV PIN block
	creation
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY	key is used as a public key for RSA
	signature verification and/or data
	decryption.

If *dwUse* equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case, all parameters but *lpsKey* are ignored. WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY and

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command. The equivalent commands in the certificate scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the signature scheme.

lpsSigKey

lpsSigKey specifies the name of a previously loaded asymmetric key (i.e. an RSA Public Key) which will be used to verify the signature passed in *lpxSignature*. The default Signature Issuer

public key (installed in a secure environment during manufacture) will be used, if *lpsSigKey* is either NULL or contains the name of the default Signature issuer as defined in section 0.

dwRSASignatureAlgorithm

Defines the algorithm used to generate the Signature specified in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm specified. No
	signature verification will take place and the
	contents of <i>lpsSigKey</i> and <i>lpxSignature</i> are
	ignored.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5	Use the RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	Use the RSASSA-PSS algorithm.

lpxSignature

Contains the Signature associated with the key being imported. The Signature is used to validate the key has been received from a trusted sender. Contains NULL when no key validation is required.

Output Param

typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_public_key_output

LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT lpImportRSAPublicKeyOutput;

{			
DWORD	dwRSAKeyChe	ecl	kMode;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyCheck	zVa	alue;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLIC	CKEYOUTPUT,	*	LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT;

dwRSAKeyCheckMode

Defines algorithm/method used to generate the public key check value/thumb print. The check value can be used to verify that the public key has been imported correctly. It can be can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_NONE	No check value is returned in <i>lpxKeyCheckValue</i> .
WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1	lpxKeyCheckValue contains a SHA-1 digest of the
public key	

lpxKeyCheckValue

Contains the public key check value as defined by the *dwRSAKeyCheckMode* flag.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or
	not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The key name supplied in <i>lpsSigKey</i> was not
	found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	An invalid use was specified for the key being
	imported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be
	overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
WFS ERR PIN NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key
	of the specified type.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP	The SP does not support the Signature Algorithm
	requested. The key was discarded
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The imported key failed its signature verification.
	It is not stored in the PIN.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.

Comments None.

7.3.2 WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM

Description This command is used to export data elements from the PIN device, which have been signed by an offline Signature Issuer. This command is used when the default keys and Signature Issuer signatures, installed during manufacture, are to be used for remote key loading.

This command allows the following data items are to be exported:

- The Security Item which uniquely identifies the PIN device. This value may be used to uniquely identify a PIN device and therefore confer trust upon any key or data obtained from this device.
- The RSA Public key component of a public/private key pair that exists within the PIN device. These public/private key pairs are installed during manufacture Typically, an exported public key is used by the host to encipher the symmetric key.

See section 0 (Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture) for the default names and the description of the keys installed during manufacture. These names are defined to ensure multi-vendor applications can be developed.

The WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX command can be used to determine the valid uses for the exported public key.

Input Param LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM lpExportRSAIssuerSignedItem;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_export_rsa_issuer_signed_item

{
 WORD wExportItemType;
 LPSTR lpsName;
 WFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM, *
LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM;

wExportItemType

Defines the type of data item to be exported from the PIN. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning	
WFS_PIN_EXPORT_EPP_ID	The Unique ID for the PIN will be exported, <i>lpsName</i>	
	is ignored.	
WFS_PIN_EXPORT_PUBLIC_KEY The public key identified by lpsName will be		
	exported.	

lpsName

Specifies the name of the public key to be exported. The private/public key pair was installed during manufacture, see section 0 (Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture) for a definition of these default keys. If lpsName is NULL, then the default EPP public key that is used for symmetric key encryption is exported.

lpxValue

If a public key was requested then lpxValue contains the PKCS #1 formatted RSA Public Key represented in DER encoded ASN.1 format. If the security item was requested then *lpxValue* contains the PIN's Security Item, which may be vendor specific.

dwRSASignatureAlgorithm.

Specifies the algorithm used to generate the Signature returned in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm used, no signature will be provided in <i>lpxSignature</i> , the data item may still be exported.
	WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	1_5 RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm used. RSASSA-PSS algorithm used.
	<i>lpxSignature</i> Specifies the RSA signature of the data iten Signatures are not supported	n exported. NULL can be returned when key
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined generated by this command:	in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NORSAKEYPAIR WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The PIN device does not have a private key. The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The data item identified by <i>lpsName</i> was not found.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [R command:	ef. 1], the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCE	SS An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
Comments	None.	
7.3.3	WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_S	IGNED_DES_KEY
Description	This command is used to load a Symmetric K into the encryptor. The key passed by the app (optional) signature is used during validation, Key, and is then stored. The loaded key will b	ey that is either a single or double DES length key lication is loaded in the encryption module, the the key is decrypted using the device's RSA Private e discarded at any stage if any of the above fails.
	The random number previously obtained from	the WFS CMD PIN START KEY EXCHANGE

command and sent to the host is included in the signed data. This random number (when present) is verified during the load process. This command ends the Key Exchange process.

The dwUse parameter restricts the cryptographic functions that the imported key can be used for.

If a Signature algorithm is specified that is not supported by the PIN SP, then the message will not be decrypted and the command fails.

Input Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY lpImportRSASignedDESKey;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_signed_des_key

{	
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPSTR	lpsDecryptKey;
DWORD	dwRSAEncipherAlgorithm;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxValue;
DWORD	dwUse;
LPSTR	lpsSigKey;
DWORD	dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxSignature;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEI	DDESKEY, * LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY;
-	

lpsKey

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

lpsDecryptKey

Specifies the name of the RSA private key used to decrypt the symmetric key. See section 0 (Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture) for a description of the fixed name defined for the default decryption private key. If *lpsDecryptKey* is NULL then the default decryption private key is used.

dwRSAEncipherAlgorithm

Specifies the RSA algorithm that is used, along with the private key, to decipher the imported key. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_PKCS1_V1_5	Use the RSAAES_PKCS1-v1.5
	algorithm.
WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP	Use the RSAAES_OAEP
	algorithm.

lpxValue

Specifies the enciphered value of the key to be loaded. *lpxValue* contains the concatenation of the random number (when present) and enciphered key.

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise, the parameter can be a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	key is used for encryption and decryption
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	key is used for PIN block creation
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	key is used for MACing
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	key is used as key encryption key
WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL	key is used for local PIN check
WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE	key can be imported only once
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	key is used as CBC Start Value encryption key

If *dwUse* equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but *lpsKey* are ignored. WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY and

WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command. The equivalent commands in the certificate scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the signature scheme.

lpsSigKey

If *lpsSigKey* is NULL then the key signature will not be used for validation & *lpxSignature* is ignored. Otherwise *lpsSigKey* specifies the name of an Asymmetric Key (i.e. an RSA Public Key) previously loaded which will be used to verify the signature passed in *lpxSignature*.

dwRSASignatureAlgorithm

Specifies the algorithm used to generate the Signature specified in *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm specified. No signature
	verification will take place and the content of
	lpxSignature is ignored.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_	_V1_5 Use the RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	Use the RSASSA-PSS algorithm.

lpxSignature

Contains the Signature associated with the key being imported. The Signature is used to validate the key has been received from a trusted sender. The signature is generated over the contents of the *lpxValue*. The *lpxSignature* signature contains NULL when no key validation is required.

Output Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT lpImportRSASignedDESKeyOutput;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_signed_des_key_output

L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	
WORD	wKeyLength;
WORD	wKeyCheckMode;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxKeyCheckValue;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESH	KEYOUTPUT, *
LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDES	KEYOUTPUT;

wKeyLength

Specifies the length of the key loaded. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KEYSINGLE	The imported key is single length.
WFS_PIN_KEYDOUBLE	The imported key is double length.

wKeyCheckMode

Specifies the mode that is used to create the key check value. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVNONE	There is no key check value provided.
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value is calculated by an encryption of
	the key with itself.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value is calculated by an encryption of
	a zero value with the key.

lpxKeyCheckValue

pointer to the key verification data that can be used for verification of the loaded key, NULL if device does not have that capability.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key encryption key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or
	not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be
	overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	One of the keys specified were not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key encryption key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.

WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key
	of the specified type.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP	The SP does not support the Signature Algorithm
	requested. The key was discarded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	The signature in the input data is invalid. The key
	is not stored in the PIN.
WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The encrypted random number in the input data
	does not match the one previously provided by
	the EPP. The key is not stored in the PIN.

Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:		
	Value		Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KE	Y_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
Comments	None.		
7.3.4	WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERA	FE_RSA_K	EY_PAIR
Description	This command will generate a new RSA key pair. The public key generated as a result of this command can subsequently be obtained by calling WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_EPP_SIGNED_ITEM		
	The newly generated key pair can on defines the use of the private key, it'	ly be used for t s public key car	he use defined in the <i>dwUse</i> flag. This flag a only be used for the inverse function.
Input Param	LPWFSPINGENERATERSAKEYPAIR	lpGen	erateRSAKeyPair;
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_gen { LPSTR lpsKey; DWORD dwUse; WORD wModulu WORD wExpone } WFSPINGENERATERSAKEYPJ</pre>	erate_rsa_k¢ sLength; ntValue; AIR, * LPWFS	≌y Spingeneratersakeypair;

lpsKey

Specifies the name of the new key-pair to be generated. Details of the generated key-pair can be obtained through the WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX command.

dwUse

Specifies what the private key component of the key pair can be used for. The public key part can only be used for the inverse function. For example, if the WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATESIGN use is specified, then the private key can only be used for signature generation and the partner public key can only be used for verification. *dwUse* can take one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATE	key is used as a private key for RSA decryption
WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATESIGN	key is used as a private key for RSA Signature
	generation. Only data generated within the device can
	be signed.

wModulusLength

Specifies the number of bits for the modulus of the RSA key pair to be generated. When zero is specified then the PIN device will be responsible for defining the length:

wExponentValue

Specifies the value of the exponent of the RSA key pair to be generated. The following defines valid values the exponent:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_DEFAULT	The device will decide the exponent.
WFS_PIN_EXPONENT_1	Exponent of 2^1+1 (3)
WFS_PIN_EXPONENT_4	Exponent of 2^4+1 (17)
WFS_PIN_EXPONENT_16	Exponent of $2^{16}+1$ (65537)
	Exponent of $2 + 1 (00007)$

Output Param None.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not
		initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALID_MOD_LEN	The modulus length specified is invalid
	WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEY_GENERATION_ERROR	The EPP is unable to generate a key pair
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], command:	the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.
~		

Comments None.

7.3.5 WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_EPP_SIGNED_ITEM

Description

This command is used to export data elements from the PIN device that have been signed by a private key within the EPP. This command is used in place of the WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM command, when a private key generated within the PIN device is to be used to generate the signature for the data item. This command allows an application to define which of the following data items are to be exported:

- The Security Item which uniquely identifies the PIN device. This value may be used to uniquely identify a PIN device and therefore confer trust upon any key or data obtained from this device.
- The RSA Public key component of a public/private key pair that exists within the PIN device.

See 0 (Default Keys and Security Item loaded during manufacture) for the default names and the description of the keys installed during manufacture. These names are defined to ensure multi-vendor applications can be developed.

The public/private key pairs exported by this command are either installed during manufacture or generated through the WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_RSA_KEY_PAIR command.

The WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX command can be used to determine the valid uses for the exported public key.

Input Param LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEM lpExportRSAEPPSignedItem;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_export_rsa_epp_signed_item

{
WORD wExportItemType;
LPSTR lpsName;
LPSTR lpsSigKey;
DWORD dwSignatureAlgorithm;
} WFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEM, * LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEM

wExportItemType

Defines the type of data item to be exported from the PIN. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_EXPORT_EPP_ID	The Unique ID for the PIN will be exported, lpsName
is ignored.	

WFS_PIN_EXPORT_PUBLIC_KEY The public key identified by lpsName will be exported.

lpsName

Specifies the name of the public key to be exported. This can either be the name of a key-pair generated through WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_RSA_KEY_PAIR or the name of one of the default key-pairs installed during manufacture.

lpsSigKey

Specifies the name of the private key to use to sign the exported item.

dwSignatureAlgorithm.

Specifies the algorithm to use to generate the Signature returned in both *lpxSelfSignature* and *lpxSignature*. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA	No signature algorithm used, no signature will be provided in <i>lpxSelfSignature</i> or
	<i>lpxSignature</i> , the requested item may still be exported.
WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5 WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS	RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 algorithm used. RSASSA-PSS algorithm used.

Output Param	LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEMOUTPU	I lpExportRSAEPPSignedItemOutput;	
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_export_rsa_{ { LPWFSXDATA lpxValue; LPWFSXDATA lpxSelfSignature; } WFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEMOU </pre>	epp_signed_item_output e; TTPUT, *	
	LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT;		
	<i>lpxValue</i> If a public key was requested then lpxValue contains the PKCS #1 formatted RSA Public Key represented in DER encoded ASN.1 format. If the security item was requested then lpxValue contains the PIN's Security Item, which may be vendor specific.		
	<i>lpxSelfSignature</i> If a public key was requested then lpxSelfSignature contains the RSA signature of the public key exported, generated with the key-pair's private component. NULL can be returned when key Self-Signatures are not supported/required.		
	<i>lpxSignature</i> Specifies the RSA signature of the data item e are not supported/required.	exported. NULL can be returned when signatures	
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined in generated by this command:	[Ref. 1], the following error codes can be	
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NORSAKEYPAIR WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The PIN device does not have a private key. The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The data item idenified by lpsName was not found.	
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref command:	. 1], the following events can be generated by this	
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCES	S An error occurred accessing an encryption key.	
Comments	None.		

7.4. Remote Key Loading with Certificates

This section contains commands that are used for Remote Key Loading with Certificates. Applications wishing to use such functionality must use these commands.

7.4.1 WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE

Description This command is used to load a host certificate or to load a new encryptor certificate from a Certificate Authority to make remote key loading possible. This command can be called only once if there are no plans for a new CA to take over the duties. If a new CA does take over the duties, then this command should be called after the WFS_CMD_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE command. The type of certificate (Primary or Secondary) to be loaded will be embedded within the actual certificate structure.

Input Param LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATE lpLoadCertificate; typedef struct _wfs_pin_load_certificate { LPWFSXDATA lpxLoadCertificate; } WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATE, *LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATE

lpxLoadCertificate

Pointer to the structure that contains the certificate that is to be loaded represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. This data should be in a binary encoded PKCS #7 using the degenerate certificate only case of the signed-data content type in which the inner content's data file is omitted and there are no signers.

Output Param LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEOUTPUT lpLoadCertificateOutput;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_load_certificate_output
{
 LPWFSXDATA lpxCertificateData;
 } WFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEOUTPUT;

lpxCertificateData Pointer to a PKCS #7 structure using a Digested-data content type. The digest parameter should contain the thumb print value.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	The format of the message is invalid.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE	The certificate module is in a state in which the request is invalid.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [R command:	ef. 1], the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHAN	GE The certificate module state has changed.
Comments	None.	

7.4.2 WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_CERTIFICATE

Description This command is used to read out the encryptor's certificate, which has been signed by the trusted Certificate Authority and is sent to the host. This command only needs to be called once if no new Certificate Authority has taken over. The output of this command will specify in the PKCS #7 message the resulting Primary or Secondary certificate.

Input Param LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATE lpGetCertificate; typedef struct _wfs_pin_get_certificate { WORD wGetCertificate; } WFSPINGETCERTIFICATE, *LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATE;

wGetCertificate

Specifies which public key certificate is requested. If the WFS_INF_PIN_STATUS command indicates Primary Certificates are accepted, then the Primary Public Encryption Key or the Primary Public Verification Key will be read out. If the WFS_INF_PIN_STATUS command indicates Secondary Certificates are accepted, then the Secondary Public Encryption Key or the Secondary Public Verification Key will be read out.

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_PUBLICKENCKEY	The corresponding encryption key is to be returned
WFS_PIN_PUBLICVERIFICATIONKEY	The corresponding verification key is to be returned

Output Param	LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATEOUPUT	lpGetCertificateOutput;	
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_get_certificate_output { LPWFSXDATA lpxCertificate; } WFSPINGETCERTIFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATEOUTPUT;</pre>		
	<i>lpxCertificate</i> Pointer to the structure that contains the certificate that is to be loaded represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. This data should be in a binary encoded PKCS #7 using the degenerate certificate only case of the signed-data content type in which the inner content's data file is omitted and there are no signers.		
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes det	ined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be	

	generated by this command.	•
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE	The certificate module is in a state in which the request is invalid.
Events	None.	
Commente	N	

Comments None.

7.4.3 WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE

Description This command is used to replace the existing primary or secondary Certificate Authority certificate already loaded into the encryptor. This operation must be done by an Initial Certificate Authority or by a Sub-Certificate Authority. These operations will replace either the primary or secondary Certificate Authority public verification key inside of the encryptor. After this command is complete, the application should send the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE and WFS_CMD_GET_CERTIFICATE commands to ensure that the new HOST and the encryptor have all the information required to perform the remote key loading process.

```
Input Param LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE lpReplaceCertificate;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_replace_certificate
{
    LPWFSXDATA lpxReplaceCertificate;
    WFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE, * LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE;
```

lpxReplaceCertificate

Pointer to the PKCS # 7 message that will replace the current Certificate Authority. The outer content uses the Signed-data content type, the inner content is a degenerate certificate only content containing the new CA certificate and Inner Signed Data type The certificate should be in a format represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation.

Output Param	LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATEOUTPUT	lpReplaceCertificateOuput
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_replace_ce: { LPWFSXDATA lpxReplaceCert: WFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE,* LP</pre>	rtificate_output ificate; WFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE
	<i>lpxNewCertificateData</i> Pointer to a PKCS #7 structure using a Digester contain the thumb print value.	ed-data content type. The digest parameter should
Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the generated by this command:		n [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	The format of the message is invalid.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE	The certificate module is in a state in which the request is invalid.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Recommand:	ef. 1], the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANG	GE The certificate module state has changed.

Comments None.

7.4.4 WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCIPHERED_PKCS7_KEY

Description This command is used to load a Key Transport Key that is either a single or double DES length key into the encryptor. The Key Transport Key should be destroyed if the entire process is not completed. In addition, a new Key Transport Key should be generated each time this protocol is executed. This method ends the Key Exchange process.

Input Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEY lpImportRSAEncipheredPKCS7Key;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_enciphered_pkcs7_key
{
 LPWFSXDATA lpxImportRSAKeyIn;
 LPSTR lpsKey;
 DWORD dwUse;
 }WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEY,
*LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEY;

lpxImportRSKeyIn

Pointer to a binary encoded PKCS #7 represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. This allows the Host to verify that key was imported correctly and to the correct encryptor The message has an outer Signed-data content type with the SignerInfo encryptedDigest field containing the HOST's signature. The random numbers are included as authenticatedAttributes within the SignerInfo. The inner content is an Enveloped-data content type. The ATM identifier is included as the issuerAndSerialNumber within the RecipientInfo. The enciphered KTK is included within RecipientInfo. The encryptedContent is omitted.

lpsKey

Specifies the name of the key to be stored.

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used as a combination of the following flags: Value Meaning

WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	key can be used for encryption/decryption
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	key can be used for PIN functions
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	key can be used for MACing
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	key is used as key encryption key
WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE	key can be imported only once
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	key is used as CBC Start Value encryption key
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION WFS_PIN_USEMACING WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	key can be used for PIN functions key can be used for MACing key is used as key encryption key key can be imported only once key is used as CBC Start Value encryption key

If *dwUse* equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but *lpsKey* are ignored. WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX, WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_ENCIPHERED_PKCS7_KEY can be used to delete a key that has been imported with this command. The equivalent commands in the signature scheme must not be used to delete a key imported through the certificate scheme.

Output Param LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYOUTPUT lpImportRSAEncipheredKeyOut;

LPWFSXDATA lpxRSAData; }WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEYOUTPUT;

wKeyLength

Specifies the length of the key loaded. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KEYSINGLE	The imported key is single length.
WFS_PIN_KEYDOUBLE	The imported key is double length.

lpxRSAData

Pointer to a binary encoded PKCS #7, represented in DER encoded ASN.1 notation. The message has an outer Signed-data content type with the SignerInfo encryptedDigest field containing the ATM's signature. The random numbers are included as authenticatedAttributes within the SignerInfo. The inner content is a data content type, which contains the HOST identifier as an issuerAndSerialNumber sequence.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or
		not ready for any vendor specific reason
	WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	The format of the message is invalid
	WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDID	The ID passed was not valid.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key of
		the specified type.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	The format of the message is invalid.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use conflicts with a previously for
		the same key specified one.
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Recommand:	ef. 1], the following events can be generated by this
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCES	S An error occurred accessing an encryption
Comments	None	ксу.

7.5. EMV

This section defines the commands needed to import the EMV RSA keys provided either by a Certification Authority (for example VISA or MASTERCARD EUROPE) or by the chip card itself (ISSUER KEY, ICC KEY and ICC PIN KEY).

7.5.1 WFS_CMD_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PUBLIC_KEY

Description The Certification Authority and the Chip Card RSA public keys needed for EMV are loaded or deleted in/from the encryption module. This command is similar to the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX command, but it is specifically designed to address the key formats and security features defined by EMV. Mainly the extensive use of "signed certificate" or "EMV certificate" (which is a compromise between signature and a pure certificate) to provide the public key is taken in account. The service provider is responsible for all EMV public key import validation. Once loaded, the service provider is not responsible for key/certificate expiry, this is an application responsibility.

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Input	Param
-------	-------

typedef struct _wfs_pin_emv_import_public_key

{	
LPSTR	lpsKey;
DWORD	dwUse;
WORD	wImportScheme;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxImportData;
LPSTR	lpsSigKey;
} WFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLIC	CKEY, * LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY;

lpsKey

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise the parameter can be one of the following flags: Value Meaning

lpEMVImportPublicKey;

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLIC	key is used as a public key for RSA encryption
	including EMV PIN block creation
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVER	IFY key is used as a public key for RSA signature
	verification and/or data decryption.

If *dwUse* equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but *lpsKey* areignored.

wImportScheme

Defines the import scheme used. Contains one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PLAIN_CA	This scheme is used by VISA. A plain text CA
	public key is imported with no verification. The
	two parts of the key (modulus and exponent)
	are passed in clear mode as a DER encoded
	PKCS#1 public key. The key is loaded directly
	in the security module
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_CHKSUM_CA	This scheme is used by VISA. A plain text CA
	public key is imported using the EMV 2000
	Book II verification algorithm and it is verified
	(See [Ref. 4] under references section for this
	(See [Ref. 4] under references section for this document)
WES PIN EMV IMPORT EPI CA	This scheme is used by Mastercard Europe. A
	CA public key is imported using the self-signed
	scheme defined in [Ref. 5].
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ISSUER	An Issuer public key is imported as defined in
	EMV 2000 Book II, reference 4. (See [Ref. 4]
	under references section for this document)
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC	An ICC public key is imported as defined in
	EMV 2000 Book II, reference 4. (See [Ref. 4]
	under references section for this document)
WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC_PIN	An ICC PIN public key is imported as defined
	in EMV 2000 Book II, reference 4. (See [Ref.
	4] under references section for this document)
WES PIN EMV IMPORT PKCSV1 5 CA	A CA public key is imported and verified using
	a signature generated with a private key for
	a signature generates with a private key for

which the public key is already loaded.

lpxImportData

The lpxImportData parameter contains all the necessary data to complete the import using the scheme specified within wImportScheme.

If wImportScheme is WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PLAIN_CA then lpxImportData contains a

DER encoded PKCS#1 public key. No verification is possible. *lpsSigKey* is ignored.

If *wImportScheme* is WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_CHKSUM_CA then *lpxImportData* contains table 23 data, as specified in EMV 2000 Book 2 (See Ref. [4] under the reference section for this document). The plain text key is verified as defined within EMV 2000 Book 2, page 73. *lpsSigKey* is ignored (See Ref. [4] under the reference section for this document).

If *wImportScheme* is WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_EPI_CA then *lpxImportData* contains the concatenation of tables 4 and 13, as specified in reference 5, Europay International, EPI CA Module Technical – Interface specification Version 1.4. These tables are also described in the <u>EMV Support Appendix</u>. The self-signed public key is verified as defined by the reference document. *lpsSigKey* is ignored.

If *wImportScheme* is WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ISSUER then *lpxImportData* contains the EMV public key certificate. Within the following descriptions tags are documented to indicate the source of the data, but they are not sent down to the Service Provider. The data consists of the concatenation of : the key exponent length (1 byte), the key exponent value (variable length – EMV Tag value : '9F32'), the EMV certificate length (1 byte), the EMV certificate value (variable length – EMV Tag value : '90'), the remainder length (1 byte). The remainder value (variable length – EMV Tag value : '92'), the PAN length (1 byte) and the PAN value (variable length – EMV Tag value : '92'), the service provider will compare the leftmost three-eight digits of the PAN to the Issuer Identification Number retrieved from the certificate. For more explanations, the reader can refer to EMVco, Book2 – Security & Key Management Version 4.0, Table 4. *lpsSigKey* defines the previously loaded key used to verify the signature.

If *wImportScheme* is WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC then *lpxImportData* contains the EMV public key certificate. Within the following descriptions tags are documented to indicate the source of the data, but they are not sent down to the Service Provider. The data consists of the concatenation of : the key exponent length (1 byte), the key exponent value (variable length– EMV Tag value : '9F47'), the EMV certificate length (1 byte), the EMV certificate value (variable length – EMV Tag value : '9F46'), the remainder length (1 byte), the remainder value (variable length – EMV Tag value : '9F48'), the SDA length (1 byte), the SDA value (variable length), the PAN length (1 byte) and the PAN value (variable length – EMV Tag value : '5A'),. The service provider will compare the PAN to the PAN retrieved from the certificate. For more explanations, the reader can refer to EMVco, Book2 – Security & Key Management Version 4.0, Table 9. *lpsSigKey* defines the previously loaded key used to verify the signature.

If *wImportScheme* is WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC_PIN then *lpxImportData* contains the EMV public key certificate. Within the following descriptions tags are documented to indicate the source of the data, but they are not sent down to the Service Provider. The data consists of the concatenation of : the key exponent length (1 byte), the key exponent value (variable length – EMV Tag value : '9F2E'), the EMV certificate length (1 byte), the EMV certificate value (variable length – EMV Tag value : '9F2D'), the remainder length (1 byte), the remainder value (variable length – EMV Tag value : '9F2E'), the SDA length (1 byte), the SDA value (variable length), the PAN length (1 byte) and the PAN value (variable length – EMV Tag value : '5A'),. The service provider will compare the PAN to the PAN retrieved from the certificate. For more explanations, the reader can refer to EMVco, Book2 – Security & Key Management Version 4.0, Table 9. *lpsSigKey* defines the previously loaded key used to verify the signature.

If *wImportScheme* is WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PKCSV1_5_CA then *lpxImportData* contains the CA public key signed with the previously loaded public key specified in *lpsSigKey*. *lpxImportData* consists of the concatenation of EMV 2000 Book II Table 23(reference 4) + 8 byte random number + Signature (See Ref. [4] under the reference section for this document). The 8-byte random number is not used for validation; it is used to ensure the signature is unique. The Signature consists of all the bytes in the *lpxImportData* buffer after table 23 and the 8-byte random number.

lpsSigKey

This field specifies the name of the previously loaded key used to verify the signature, as detailed in the descriptions above.

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Output Param LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEYOUTPUT lpEMVImportPublicKeyOutput;

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_emv_import_public_key_output
```

```
{
LPSTR lpsExpiryDate;
} WFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEYOUTPUT, * LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEYOUTPUT;
```

lpsExpiryDate

Contains the expiry date of the certificate in the following format MMYY. If no expiry date applies then *lpsExpiryDate* is NULL.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key of the specified type.
WFS_ERR_PIN_EMV_VERIFY_F	AILED The verification of the imported key failed and the key was discarded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key name is not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

 Value
 Meaning

WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCE	SS An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.

Comments This command only imports one key per use. If the same key value has to be imported for two different uses, this command must be called twice and different key names must be specified.

7.5.2 WFS_CMD_PIN_DIGEST

Description: This command is used to compute a hash code on a stream of data using the specified hash algorithm. This command can be used to verify EMV static and dynamic data.

Input Param LPWFSPINDIGEST lpDigest;

typedef struct _wf:	s_pin_digest
{	
WORD	wHashAlgorithm;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxDigestInput
<pre>} WFSPINDIGEST,</pre>	* LPWFSPINDIGEST;

wHashAlgorithm

Specifies which hash algorithm should be used to calculate the hash. See the Capabilities section for valid algorithms.

lpxDigestInput Pointer to the structure that contains the length and the data to be hashed

Output Param	LPWFSPINDIGESTOUPUT lpDigestOutput;		
	<pre>typedef struct _ wfs_pin_digest_output { LPWFSXDATA lpxDigestOutput } WFSPINDIGEST, * LPWFSPINDIGEST; lpxDigestOuput Pointer to the structure that contains the length and the data containing the calculated hash.</pre>		
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command: Value Meaning		
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.	
Events:	None		
Comments:	None		

8. Changes to existing Execute Commands

8.1.WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT

Description The input data is either encrypted or decrypted using the specified or selected encryption mode. The available modes are defined in the WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES command.

This command can also be used for random number generation.

Furthermore it can be used for Message Authentication Code generation (i.e. MACing). The input data is padded to the necessary length mandated by the encryption algorithm using the bPadding parameter. Applications can generate a MAC using an alternative padding method by pre-formatting the data passed and combining this with the standard padding method.

The input data can be expanded with a fill-character to the necessary length (mandated by the encryption algorithm being used).

The Start Value (or Initialization Vector) should be able to be passed encrypted like the specified encryption/decryption key. It would therefore need to be decrypted with a loaded key so the name of this key must also be passed. However, both these parameters are optional.

Input Param LPWFSPINCRYPT lpCrypt;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_crypt ł WORD wMode; LPSTR lpsKey; LPWFSXDATA lpxKeyEncKey; WORD wAlgorithm; LPSTR lpsStartValueKey; LPWFSXDATA lpxStartValue; BYTE bPadding; bCompression; BYTE LPWFSXDATA lpxCryptData; } WFSPINCRYPT, * LPWFSPINCRYPT;

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wMode

Specifies whether to encrypt or decrypt, values are one of the following:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT	encrypt with key
WFS_PIN_MODEDECRYPT	decrypt with key
WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM	an 8 byte random value shall be returned (in this case
	all the other input parameters are ignored)

This parameter does not apply to MACing.

lpsKey

Specifies the name of the stored key. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM.

lpxKeyEncKey

If NULL, *lpsKey* is used directly for encryption/decryption. Otherwise, *lpsKey* is used to decrypt the encrypted key passed in *lpxKeyEncKey* and the result is used for encryption/decryption. Key is a double length key when used for Triple DES encryption/decryption. Users of this specification must adhere to local regulations when using Triple DES. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM.

wAlgorithm

Specifies the encryption algorithm. Possible values are those described in WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM.

lpsStartValueKey

Specifies the name of the stored key used to decrypt the *lpxStartValue* to obtain the Initialization Vector. If this parameter is NULL, *lpxStartValue* is used as the Initialization Vector. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM.

lpxStartValue

DES and Triple DES initialization vector for CBC / CFB encryption and MACing. If this parameter is NULL *lpsStartValueKey* is used as the Start Value. If *lpsStartValueKey* is also NULL, the default value for CBC / CFB / MAC is 16 hex digits 0x0. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM.

bPadding

Specifies the padding character for encryption. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM.

bCompression

Specifies whether data is to be compressed (blanks removed) before building the MAC. If *bCompression* is 0x00 no compression is selected, otherwise *bCompression* holds the representation of the blank character in the actual code table. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM.

lpxCryptData

Pointer to the data to be encrypted, decrypted, or MACed. This value is ignored, if *wMode* equals WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM.

Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxCryptData;

lpxCryptData

Pointer to the encrypted or decrypted data, MAC value or 8 byte random value.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

0	
Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	The specified mode is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or
	not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.

	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxKeyEncKey</i> or <i>lpxStartValue</i> is not supported.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOCHIPTRANSACTIVE	A chipcard key is used as encryption key and there is no chip transaction active.	
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	The specified algorithm is not supported.	
Events	In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref command:	E. 1], the following events can be generated by this	
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCES	S An error occurred accessing an encryption key.	
Comments	The data type LPWFSXDATA is used to pass hexadecimal data and is defined as follows:		
	typedef struct _wfs_hex_data { USHORT usLength; LPBYTE lpbData; } WFSXDATA, *LPWFSXDATA;		
	<i>usLength</i> Length of the byte stream pointed to by <i>lpbD</i>	ata.	
	<i>lpbData</i> Pointer to the binary data stream.		

8.2. WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY

Description The key passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module. The key can be passed in clear text mode or encrypted with an accompanying "key encryption key". A key can be loaded in multiple unencrypted parts by combining the WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT value with the final usage flags within the *fwUse* field.

Input Param LPWFSPINIMPORT lpImport;

typedef struct _wfs	pin_import
{	
LPSTR	lpsKey;
LPSTR	lpsEncKey;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxIdent;
LPWFSXDATA	lpxValue;
WORD	fwUse;
} WFSPINIMPORT,	* LPWFSPINIMPORT;

lpsKey

Specifies the name of key being loaded.

lpsEncKey

lpsEncKey specifies a key name or a format name which were used to encrypt the key passed in *lpxValue*. If *lpsEncKey* is NULL the key is loaded directly into the encryption module. lpsEncKey must be NULL if *fwUse* contains WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT.

lpxIdent

Specifies the key owner identification. The use of this parameter is vendor dependent.

fwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used as a combination of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	key can be used for encryption/decryption
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	key can be used for PIN functions
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	key can be used for MACing
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	key is used as key encryption key
WFS_PIN_USENODUPLICATE	key can be imported only once
WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY	key is used as CBC Start Value encryption key

WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT

key is under construction through the import of multiple parts. This value is used in combination with the actual usage flags for the key.

If *fwUse* equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but *lpsKey* are ignored.

Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxKVC;

lpxKVC

pointer to the key verification code data that can be used for verification of the loaded key, NULL if device does not have that capability.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

_	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key encryption key was not found.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or
		not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDID	The ID passed was not valid.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be
		overwritten.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key encryption key is not loaded.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use is not supported by this key.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key
		of the specified type.

Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	kev.

Comments When keys are loaded in multiple parts, all parts of the key loaded must set the WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT value in the *fwUse* field along with any usage's needed for the final key use. The usage flags must be consistent for all parts of the key. Activation of the key entered in multiple parts is indicated through an additional final call to this command, where WFS_USECONSTRUCT is removed from *fwUse* but those other usage's defined during the key part loading must still be used. No key data is passed during the final activation of the key.

The optional KCV is only returned during the final activation step. Applications wishing to verify the KCV for each key part will need to load each key part into a temporary location inside the encryptor. If the application determines the KCV of the key part is valid, then the application calls the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY again to load the key part into the device. The application should delete the temporary key part as soon as the KCV for that key part has been verified.

When the first part of the key is received, it is stored directly in the device. All subsequent parts are combined with the existing value in the device through XOR. No sub-parts of the key are maintained separately. While a key still has a *fwUse* value that is combined with WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT (i.e. it is still being loaded), it cannot be used for cryptographic functions.

8.3. WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK

Description	This function takes the account information and a PIN entered by the user to build a formatted PIN. Encrypting this formatted PIN once or twice returns a PIN block, which can be written on a magnetic card or sent to a host. The PIN block can be calculated using one of the formats specified in the WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES command. This command clears the PIN.			
Input Param	LPWFSPINBLOCK lpPinBlock;			
	typedef struct _wfs_pin_block			
	<pre>{ LPSTR lpsCustomerData; LPSTR lpsXORData; BYTE bPadding; WORD wFormat; LPSTR lpsKey; LPSTR lpsKeyEncKey; } WFSPINBLOCK, * LPWFSPINBLOC</pre>	К;		
	<i>lpsCustomerData</i> Used for ANSI, ISO-0 and ISO-1 algorithm to build the formatted PIN. For ANSI and ISO-0 the PAN (Primary Account Number) is used, for ISO-1 a ten digit transaction field is required. If not used a NULL is required. Used for DIEBOLD with coordination number, as a two digit coordination number.			
	Used for EMV with challenge number (8 bytes) coming from the chip card. This number is passed as unpacked string, for example: 0123456789ABCDEF = 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46			
	<i>lpsXORData</i> If the formatted PIN is encrypted twice to build the resulting PIN block, this data can be used to modify the result of the first encryption by an XOR-operation.			
	<i>bPadding</i> Specifies the padding character.			
	<i>wFormat</i> Specifies the format of the PIN block. Possible values are: (see command WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES)			
	<i>lpsKey</i> Specifies the key used to encrypt the formatted pin for the first time, NULL if no encryption is required. If this specifies a double length key, triple DES encryption will be performed. If this specifies an RSA key, RSA encryption will be performed.			
	<i>lpsKeyEncKey</i> Specifies the key used to format the once encrypted formatted PIN, NULL if no second encryption required.			
Output Param	LPWFSXDATA lpxPinBlock;			
	<i>lpxPinBlock</i> Pointer to the encrypted PIN Block.			
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:			
	Value	Meaning		
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The specified key was not found The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.		
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	The specified key is not loaded. The specified use is not supported by this key. PIN has been cleared.		

WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATNOTSUPP

The specified format is not supported.

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Events In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption
	key.

Comments None.

8.4. WFS_CMD_PIN_INITIALIZATION

Description

The encryption module must be initialized before any encryption function can be used. Every call to WFS_CMD_PIN_INITIALIZATION destroys all application keys that have been loaded or imported, it does not affect those keys loaded during manufacturing. Usually this command is called by an operator task and not by the application program.

Initialization also involves loading "initial" application keys and local vendor dependent keys. These can be supplied, for example, by an operator through a keyboard, a local configuration file, remote RSA key management or possibly by means of some secure hardware that can be attached to the device. The application "initial" keys would normally get updated by the application during a WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY command as soon as possible. Local vendor dependent static keys (e.g. storage, firmware and offset keys) would normally be transparent to the application and by definition cannot be dynamically changed.

Where initial keys are not available immediately when this command is issued (i.e. when operator intervention is required), the Service Provider returns WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESS_DENIED and the application must await the WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED event.

During initialization an optional encrypted ID key can be stored in the HW module. The ID key and the corresponding encryption key can be passed as parameters; if not, they are generated automatically by the encryption module. The encrypted ID is returned to the application and serves as authorization for the key import function. The WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES command indicates whether or not the device will support this feature.

This function also resets the HSM terminal data, except session key index and trace number.

This function resets all certificate data and authentication public/private keys back to their initial states at the time of production. Key-pairs created with WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_RSA_KEY_PAIR are deleted. Any keys installed during production, which have been permanently replaced, will not be reset. Any Verification certificates that may have been loaded must be reloaded. The Certificate state will remain the same, but the WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFCATE or WFS_CMD_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE commands must be called again.

```
Input Param LPWFSPININIT lpInit;
```

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_init
  {
    LPWFSXDATA lpxIdent;
    LPWFSXDATA lpxKey;
    WFSPININIT, * LPWFSPININIT;
```

lpxIdent

Pointer to the value of the ID key. Null if not required.

lpxKey Pointer to the value of the encryption key. Null if not required.

Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxIdentification;

lpxIdentification

Pointer to the value of the ID key encrypted by the encryption key. Can be used as authorization for the WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY command, can be NULL if no authorization required.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command: Value Meaning WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED The encryption module is either not initialized (or not ready for some vendor specific reason). WFS ERR PIN INVALIDID The ID passed was not valid. **Events** In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this command: Value Meaning WFS SRVE PIN INITIALIZED The encryption module is now initialized. WFS SRVE PIN ILLEGAL KEY ACCESS An error occurred accessing an encryption key. **Comments** None. 8.5. WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_SET_TDATA This function allows to set the HSM terminal data except keys, trace number and session key Description index. The data must be provided as a series of "tag/length/value" items. Terminal data that are set but are not supported by the hardware will be ignored. **Input Param** LPWFSXDATA lpxTData; *lpxTData* Specifies which parameter(s) is(are) to be set. lpxTData is a series of "tag/length/value" items where each item consists of - one byte tag (see the list of tags below), - one byte specifying the length of the following data as an unsigned binary number - n bytes data (see the list below for formatting) with no separators. The following tags are supported: tag (hexadecimal)Format Length (in bytes) Meaning BCD 4 Terminal ID C2 ISO BMP 41 C3 BCD 4 Bank code ISO BMP 42 (rightmost 4 bytes) 9 C4 BCD Account data for terminal account ISO BMP 60 (load against other card) 9 C5 BCD Account data for fee account ISO BMP 60 ("Laden vom Kartenkonto") C6 **EBCDIC** 40 Terminal location ISO BMP 43 C7 ASCII 3 Terminal currency C8 BCD 7 Online date and time (YYYYMMDDHHMMSS) ISO BMP 61 4 C9 BCD Minimum load fee in units of 1/100 of terminal currency, checked against leftmost 4 Bytes of ISO BMP42. CA BCD 4 Maximum load fee in units of 1/100 of terminal currency, checked against leftmost 4 Bytes

of ISO BMP42,

	CB	BIN		3	logical HSM binary coded serial number
					(starts with 1; 0 means that there are no
					logical HSMs).
	CC	EBCDIC	1	6	ZKA ID (is filled during the pre-initialisation
					of the HSM).
	CD	BIN		1	HSM status
					(1 = irreversibly out of order
					$2 = $ out of order, K_UR is not loaded
					3 = not pre-initialized, K_UR is loaded
					4 = pre-initialized, K_INIT is loaded
					5 = initialized/personalized, K_PERS
					is loaded).
	CE	EBCDIC	variable, min. 1	6	HSM-ID (6 byte Manufacturer- ID + min. 10
					Byte serial number), as needed for ISO
					BMP57 of a pre-initialisation
	The para	meters CB_CC_CI	and CE cannot	he s	et. They can only be read using the command
	WES IN	F PIN HSM TD			et. They can only be read using the command
Quinut Param	None				
Output I aram	None.				
Error Codes	In addition generated b	to the generic erro y this command:	r codes defined	in [R	ef. 1], the following error codes can be
	Value			M	eaning
	WFS_ER	R_PIN_ACCESS	DENIED	Th	e encryption module is either not initialized or
				no	t ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ER	R_PIN_HSMSTA	TEINVALID	Th	e HSM is not in a correct state to handle this
				co	mmand.
Events	In addition	to the generic ever	nts defined in [R	ef. 1]	, the following events can be generated by this
	command:				
	Value			M	eaning
	WFS_SR	VE_PIN_HSM_T	DATA_CHANO	JED	The terminal data has changed.
G 4	N				
Comments	inone.				

8.6. WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND

Description This command handles all messages that should be send through a secure messaging to a authorization system, German "Ladezentrale", personalisation system or the chip. The encryption module adds the security relevant fields to the message and returns the modified message in the output structure. All messages must be presented to the encryptor via this command even if they do not contain security fields in order to keep track of the transaction status in the internal state machine.

Input Param LPWFSPINSECMSG lpSecMsgIn;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_secure_message
{
 WORD wProtocol;
 ULONG ulLength;
 LPBYTE lpbMsg;
 } WFSPINSECMSG, * LPWFSPINSECMSG;

wProtocol

Specifies the protocol the message belongs to. Specified as one of the following flags:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_PIN_PROTISOAS	ISO 8583 protocol for the authorization system
	WFS_PIN_PROTISOLZ	ISO 8583 protocol for the German "Ladezentrale"
	WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS	ISO 8583 protocol for the personalisation system
	WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPZKA	ZKA chip protocol
	WFS_PIN_PROTRAWDATA	raw data protocol
	WFS_PIN_PROTPBM	PBM protocol (see [Ref. 8] –[Ref. 13])
	WFS_PIN_PROTHSMLDI	HSM LDI protocol
	ullenoth	
	Specifies the length in bytes of the mes	sage in <i>lphMsg</i> . This parameter is ignored for the
	WFS_PIN_PROTHSMLDI protocol.	
	lpbMsg	
	Specifies the message that should be se	nd. This parameter is ignored for the
	WFS_PIN_PROTHSMLDI protocol.	
Output Param	ut Param LPWFSPINSECMSG lpSecMsgOut;	
	<i>lpSecMsgOut</i> pointer to a WFSPINSECMSG structur send to a authorization system, German	e that contains the modified message that can now be "Ladezentrale", personalisation system or the chip.
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defi generated by this command:	ned in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be
	Value	Meaning
	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALI	D The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this message.
	WFS ERR PIN PROTINVALID	The specified protocol is invalid.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALID	The contents of one of the security relevant fields are invalid.
Events	Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.
Comments	None.	

8.7.WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE

Description This command handles all messages that are received through a secure messaging from a authorization system, German "Ladezentrale", personalisation system or the chip. The encryption module checks the security relevant fields. All messages must be presented to the encryptor via this command even if they do not contain security relevant fields in order to keep track of the transaction status in the internal state machine.

Input Param LPWFSPINSECMSG lpSecMsgIn;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_secure_message
{
 WORD wProtocol;
 ULONG ulLength;
 LPBYTE lpbMsg;
 } WFSPINSECMSG; * LPWFSPINSECMSG;

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wProtocol

Specifies the protocol the message belongs to. Specified as one of the following flags:

	Value	Meaning
	WFS_PIN_PROTISOAS	ISO 8583 protocol for the authorization system
	WFS_PIN_PROTISOLZ	ISO 8583 protocol for the German "Ladezentrale"
	WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS	ISO 8583 protocol for the personalisation system
	WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPZKA	ZKA chip protocol
	WFS_PIN_PROTRAWDATA	raw data protocol
	WFS_PIN_PROTPBM	PBM protocol (see [Ref. 8] – [Ref. 13])
	<i>ulLength</i> Specifies the length in bytes of the message	ge in <i>lpbMsg</i> .
	<i>lpbMsg</i> Specifies the message that was received. response was reveived from the communi machine to the correct state).	Can be NULL if during a specified time period no cation partner (necessary to set the internal state
Output Param	None.	
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes define generated by this command:	d in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be
	Value	Meaning
	Value WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	Meaning The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.
	Value WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID	Meaning The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason. The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this message.
	Value WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID	Meaning The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason. The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this message. The MAC of the message is not correct.
	Value WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID	MeaningThe encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this message.The MAC of the message is not correct. The specified protocol is invalid.
	Value WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	MeaningThe encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this message.The MAC of the message is not correct.The specified protocol is invalid.The format of the message is invalid.
	Value WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALID	MeaningThe encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this message.The MAC of the message is not correct.The specified protocol is invalid.The format of the message is invalid.The contents of one of the security relevant fields are invalid.
Events	Value WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALID	MeaningThe encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this message.The MAC of the message is not correct.The specified protocol is invalid.The format of the message is invalid.The contents of one of the security relevant fields are invalid.Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this
Events	Value WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALID In addition to the generic events defined in formation to the generic events defi	MeaningThe encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason.The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this message.The MAC of the message is not correct.The specified protocol is invalid.The format of the message is invalid.The contents of one of the security relevant fields are invalid.Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this
<u>Events</u>	Value WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALID In addition to the generic events defined in command: Value	Meaning The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason. The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this message. The MAC of the message is not correct. The specified protocol is invalid. The format of the message is invalid. The contents of one of the security relevant fields are invalid. Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this
<u>Events</u>	Value WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALID In addition to the generic events defined in a command: Value WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHAN	Meaning The encryption module is either not initialized or not ready for any vendor specific reason. The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this message. The MAC of the message is not correct. The specified protocol is invalid. The format of the message is invalid. The contents of one of the security relevant fields are invalid. Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this Meaning MGED The terminal data has changed.

8.8.WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_JOURNAL

Description This command is used to get journal data from the encryption module. It retrieves cryptographically secured information about the result of the last transaction that was done with the indicated protocol. When the service provider supports journaling (see Capabilities) then it is impossible to do any WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND/RECEIVE with this protocol, unless the journal data is retrieved. It is possible - especially after restarting a system - to get the same journal data again.

Input Param LPWORD lpwProtocol;

lpwProtocol

Specifies the protocol the journal data belong to. Specified as one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_PROTISOAS	Get authorization system journal data
WFS_PIN_PROTISOLZ	Get German "Ladezentrale" journal data
WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS	Get personalisation system journal data

WFS_PIN_PROTPBM Get PBM protocol data Output Param LPWFSXDATA lpxJournalData; *lpxJournalData* Pointer to the journal data **Error Codes** In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command: Value Meaning The encryption module is either not initialized or WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED not ready for any vendor specific reason. The HSM is not in a correct state to return journal WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID data. WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID The specified protocol is invalid. **Events** Only the generic events defined in [Ref. 1] can be generated by this command.

Comments None.

8.9. WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX

Description	The key passed by the application is loaded in the encryption module. The key can be passed in clear text mode or encrypted with an accompanying "key encryption key". The dwUse parameter is needed to separate the keys in several parts of the encryption module to avoid the manipulation of a key. A key can be loaded in multiple unencrypted parts by combining the WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT value with the final usage flag within the dwUse field.
Input Param	LPWFSPINIMPORTKEYEX lpImportKeyEx;
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_key_ex { LPSTR lpsEncKey; LPSTR lpsEncKey; LPWFSXDATA lpxValue; LPWFSXDATA lpxControlVector; DWORD dwUse; WORD wKeyCheckMode; LPWFSXDATA lpxKeyCheckValue; } WFSPINIMPORTKEYEX, * LPWFSPINIMPORTKEYEX; lpsKey Specifies the name of key being loaded. lpsEncKey specifies a key name which was used to encrypt the key string passed in lpxValue. If lpsEncKey is NULL the key is loaded directly into the encryption module. lpsEncKey must be NULL if dwUse contains WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT. lpxValue Specifies the value of key to be loaded. If it is an RSA key the first 4 bytes contain the exponent and the following 128 the modulus. lpxControlVector Specifies the control vector of the key to be loaded. It contains the attributes of the key. If this parameter is NULL the keys is only specified by its use. </pre>

dwUse

Specifies the type of access for which the key can be used. If this parameter equals zero, the key is deleted. Otherwise the parameter can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_USECRYPT	key is used for encryption and decryption
WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION	key is used for PIN block creation
WFS_PIN_USEMACING	key is used for MACing
WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY	key is used as key encryption key
WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL	key is used for local PIN check
WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLIC	key is used as a public key for RSA encryption
	including EMV PIN block creation
WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATE	key is used as a private key for RSA decryption (it is
	not recommend that private keys are imported with
	this function).
WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT	key is under construction through the import of
	multiple parts. This value is used in combination with
	one of the other key usage flags

If *dwUse* equals zero the specified key is deleted. In that case all parameters but *lpsKey* are ignored.

wKeyCheckMode

Specifies the mode that is used to create the key check value. It can be one of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_KCVNONE	There is no key check value verification required.
WFS_PIN_KCVSELF	The key check value is created by an encryption of the
	key with itself.
WFS_PIN_KCVZERO	The key check value is created by an encryption of the
	key with a zero value.

lpxKeyCheckValue

Specifies a check value to verify that the value of the imported key is correct. It can be NULL, if no key check value verification is required and *wKeyCheckMode* equals WFS_PIN_KCVNONE.

Output Param None.

Error Codes In addition to the generic error codes defined in [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be generated by this command:

Value	Meaning
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	The specified key encryption key was not found.
WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	The encryption module is either not initialized or
	not ready for any vendor specific reason.
WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	A key exists with that name and cannot be overwritten.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	The specified key encryption key is not loaded.
WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	The specified use conflicts with a previously for
	the same key specified one.
WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	The length of <i>lpxValue</i> is not supported.
WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYINVALID	The key value is invalid. The key check value verification failed.
WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key of the specified type.

	command:		
	Value	Meaning	
	WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS	An error occurred accessing an encryption key.	
Comments	When keys are loaded in multiple parts, all parts of the key loaded must set the WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT value in the <i>dwUse</i> field along with any usage's needed for the final key use. The usage flag must be consistent for all parts of the key. Activation of a key entered in multiple parts is indicated through an additional final call to this command, where WFS_USECONSTRUCT is removed from <i>dwUse</i> but those other usage's defined during the key part loading must still be used. No key data is passed during the final activation of the key.		
	When the WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT flag is se being imported. If the KVC provided for a key par- accepted. When the key is being activated, the opti stored. If the KVC provided during activation fails	t, the optional KCV applies to the key part t fails verification, the key part will not be onal KCV applies to the complete key already verification, the key will not be activated.	
	When the first part of the key is received, it is stor are combined with the existing value in the device maintained separately. While a key still has a <i>dwUs</i> WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT (i.e. it is still being functions.	ed directly in the device. All subsequent parts through XOR. No sub-parts of the key are se value that is combined with loaded), it cannot be used for cryptographic	

In addition to the generic events defined in [Ref. 1], the following events can be generated by this

8.10. WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO

Events

- **Description** This command is used to communicate with the encryption module. Transparent data is sent from the application to the encryption module and the response is returned transparently to the application.
- Input Param LPWFSPINENCIO lpEncIoIn;
 typedef struct _wfs_pin_enc_io
 {
 WORD wProtocol;
 ULONG ulDataLength;
 LPVOID lpvData;
 } WFSPINENCIO, *LPWFSPINENCIO;

wProtocol

Identifies the protocol that is used to communicate with the encryption module. The following protocol numbers are defined:

Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_CH	For Swiss specific protocols.
	The document specification for Swiss specific
	protocols is "CMD_ENC_IO - CH Protocol.doc".
	This document is available at the following
	address:
	EUROPAY (Switzerland) SA
	Terminal Management
	Hertistrasse 27
	CH-8304 Wallisellen
WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_GIECB	Protocol for "Groupement des Cartes Bancaires"
	(France)

ulDataLength

Specifies the length in bytes of the structure pointed to by the following field lpvData.

lpvData

Points to a structure containing the data to be sent to the encryption module.

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Output Param	LPWFSPINENCIO lpEncIoOut;	
	<pre>typedef struct _wfs_pin_enc_io { WORD wProtocol; ULONG ulDataLength; LPVOID lpvData; } WFSPINENCIO, *LPWFSPINENCIO;</pre>	
	<i>wProtocol</i> Identifies the protocol that is used to communithe same value as the corresponding field in the	icate with the encryption module. This field contains he input structure.
	<i>ulDataLength</i> Specifies the length in bytes of the structure pe	pointed to by the following field <i>lpvData</i> .
	<i>lpvData</i> Points to a structure containing the data respon	nded by the encryption module.
Error Codes	In addition to the generic error codes defined is generated by this command: Value WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTOCOLNOTSUPP For wProtocol=WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_G	In [Ref. 1], the following error codes can be Meaning The specified protocol is not supported by the service provider. IECB
	WFS_ERR_INVALID_DATA	The input data is not valid for the specified
	WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	The encrypted random number in the input data does not decrypt to the one previously provided by the EPP
	WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_SNSCDINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID	The signature in the input data is invalid The SCD serial number in the input data is invalid The HSM is not in a correct state to handle this
	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	There is no space left in the key RAM for a key of the specified type.
	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYINVALID WFS_ERR_PIN_KEY_GENERATION_EF	The key value is invalid. ROR The EPP is unable to generate a key pair

Events None.

Comments None.

9. New Events

9.1.WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE

Description This event indicates that the certificate module state has changed from Primary to Secondary.

Event Param LPWORD lpwCertificateChange

<i>lpwCertificateChange</i> Specifies change of the certificate state inside	of the encryptor as one of the following:
Value	Meaning
WFS_PIN_CERT_SECONDARY	The certificate state of the encryptor is now
	Secondary and Primary Certificates will no
	longer be accepted.

Comments None

9.2. WFS_SRVE_PIN_HSM_TDATA_CHANGED

Description	This event indicates that one of the values of the terminal data has changed (these are the data tha can be set using WFS_CMD_PIN_SET_HSM_TDATA). I.e. this event will be sent especially when the online time or the HSM status is changed because of a WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_INIT command or an OPT online dialog (WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND/_RECEIVE with WFS_PIN_PROTPS).	t
Event Param	LPWFSXDATA lpxTData;	
	<i>lpxTData</i> Contains the parameter settings as a series of "tag/length/value" items. See command WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_SET_TDATA for the tags supported.	

Comments None.

10. Changes to existing Events

None

11. Changes to C - Header File

xfspin.h XFS - Personal Identification Number Keypad (PIN) definitions Version 3.02 (17/04/03) #ifndef __INC_XFSPIN__H #define __INC_XFSPIN__H #ifdef __cplusplus extern "C" { #endif #include <xfsapi.h> / be aware of alignment */ #pragma pack(push,1) /* values of WFSPINCAPS.wClass */ #define WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_PIN (4) #define WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_PIN #define WFS_SERVICE_CLASS_VERSION_PIN (0x0203) /* Version 3.02 * (0x0003) /* Version 3.00 */ #define WFS SERVICE CLASS NAME PIN "PIN" #define PIN SERVICE OFFSET (WFS SERVICE CLASS PIN * 100) /* PIN Info Commands */ #define WFS_INF_PIN_STATUS (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1) #define WFS_INF_PIN_CAPABILITIES #define WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) #define WFS_INF_PIN_FUNCKEY_DETAIL (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) #define WFS_INF_PIN_HSM_TDATA (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) #define WFS_INF_PIN_KEY_DETAIL_EX (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) /* PIN Command Verbs */ #define WFS_CMD_PIN_CRYPT (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 5) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PIN #define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_PINBLOCK (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_DATA #define WFS_CMD_PIN_INITIALIZATION (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_DES (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_EUROCHEQUE (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_VISA (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 13) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_CREATE_OFFSET #define WFS_CMD_PIN_DERIVE_KEY (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14) (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 15) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_PRESENT_IDC #define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOCAL_BANKSYS (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 16) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_BANKSYS_IO (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 17) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_RESET (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 18) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_SET_TDATA(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 19)#define WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_SEND(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 20)#define WFS_CMD_PIN_SECURE_MSG_RECEIVE(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 21)#define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_JOURNAL(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 22)

 #define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_JOURNAL
 (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 22)

 #define WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_KEY_EX
 (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 23)

 #define WFS_CMD_PIN_ENC_IO
 (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 24)

 #define WFS_CMD_PIN_HSM_INIT (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 25)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_PUBLIC_KEY (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 26) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_ISSUER_SIGNED_ITEM (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 27)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_IMPORT_RSA_SIGNED_DES_KEY (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 28) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_GENERATE_RSA_KEY_PAIR (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 29) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_EXPORT_RSA_EPP_SIGNED_ITEM (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 30) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_LOAD_CERTIFICATE (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 31) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_GET_CERTIFICATE (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 32)
#define WFS_CMD_PIN_REPLACE_CERTIFICATE (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 33) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_START_KEY_EXCHANGE (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 34) #define WFS CMD PIN IMPORT RSA ENCIPHERED PKCS7 KEY (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 35) #define WFS_CMD_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PUBLIC_KEY (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 36) #define WFS CMD PIN DIGEST (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 37) /* PIN Messages */ #define WFS_EXEE_PIN_KEY (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1) #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_INITIALIZED (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2) #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_ILLEGAL_KEY_ACCESS (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3) (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4) #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_OPT_REQUIRED #define WFS SRVE PIN HSM TDATA CHANGED (PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 5) #define WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE (PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6) /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwDevice */ #define WFS PIN DEVONLINE WFS STAT DEVONLINE #define WFS_PIN_DEVOFFLINE WFS_STAT_DEVOFFLINE #define WFS PIN DEVPOWEROFF WFS STAT DEVPOWEROFF #define WFS_PIN_DEVNODEVICE WFS_STAT_DEVNODEVICE #define WFS_PIN_DEVHWERROR WFS_STAT_DEVHWERROR #define WFS PIN DEVUSERERROR WFS STAT DEVUSERERROR #define WFS_PIN_DEVBUSY WFS_STAT_DEVBUSY /* values of WFSPINSTATUS.fwEncStat */ (0)#define WFS_PIN_ENCREADY #define WFS_PIN_ENCNOTREADY (1)#define WFS PIN ENCNOTINITIALIZED (2) #define WFS_PIN_ENCBUSY (3) #define WFS_PIN_ENCUNDEFINED (4) #define WFS_PIN_ENCINITIALIZED (5)/* values of WFSPINCAPS.wType */ #define WFS PIN TYPEEPP (0x0001) (0x0002) #define WFS_PIN_TYPEEDM #define WFS_PIN_TYPEHSM (0x0004)/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwAlgorithms, WFSPINCRYPT.wAlgorithm */ #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESECB (0x0001) #define WFS PIN CRYPTDESCBC (0x0002) #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESCFB (0x0004)#define WFS_PIN_CRYPTRSA (0x0008)#define WFS_PIN_CRYPTECMA (0×0.010) #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTDESMAC (0x0020)#define WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESECB (0x0040)(0x0080)#define WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCBC #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESCFB (0×0100) (0x0200)#define WFS_PIN_CRYPTTRIDESMAC #define WFS_PIN_CRYPTMAAMAC (0x0400)/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwPinFormats */ #define WFS_PIN_FORM3624 (0x0001) #define WFS_PIN_FORMANSI (0×0.002) #define WFS_PIN_FORMISO0 (0×0004) #define WFS PIN FORMISO1 (0x0008)#define WFS PIN FORMECI2 (0×0.010) #define WFS_PIN_FORMECI3 (0x0020)#define WFS_PIN_FORMVISA (0x0040)#define WFS_PIN_FORMDIEBOLD (0×0080) #define WFS_PIN_FORMDIEBOLDCO (0x0100)#define WFS_PIN_FORMVISA3 (0×0200) #define WFS_PIN_FORMBANKSYS (0x0400)#define WFS_PIN_FORMEMV (0x0800)#define WFS_PIN_FORMISO3 (0x2000)

/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwDerivationAlgorithms */

#define	WFS_	_PIN_	CHIP_	ZKA	(0x0001)
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/* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwPresentationAlgorithms */ #define WFS_PIN_PRESENT_CLEAR (0x0001) /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwDisplay */ #define WFS_PIN_DISPNONE (1) #define WFS_PIN_DISPLEDTHROUGH (2) (3) #define WFS_PIN_DISPDISPLAY /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwIDKey */ #define WFS PIN IDKEYINITIALIZATION (0x0001) #define WFS_PIN_IDKEYIMPORT (0x0002) /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwValidationAlgorithms */ #define WFS_PIN_DES (0×0001) #define WFS_PIN_EUROCHEQUE (0x0002) #define WFS PIN VISA (0×0004) #define WFS_PIN_DES_OFFSET (0x0008) #define WFS_PIN_BANKSYS (0x0010) /* values of WFSPINCAPS.fwKeyCheckModes and WFSPINIMPORTKEYEX.wKeyCheckMode */ (0x0000)#define WFS_PIN_KCVNONE (0x0001) #define WFS_PIN_KCVSELF #define WFS_PIN_KCVZERO (0x0002)/* values of WFSPINKEYDETAIL.fwUse and values of WFSPINKEYDETAILEX.dwUse */ #define WFS_PIN_USECRYPT (0x0001) (0x0002) #define WFS_PIN_USEFUNCTION (0x0004) #define WFS_PIN_USEMACING #define WFS_PIN_USEKEYENCKEY (0x0020)#define WFS PIN USENODUPLICATE (0×0.040) (0x0080) #define WFS_PIN_USESVENCKEY #define WFS_PIN_USECONSTRUCT (0x0100)#define WFS_PIN_USEPINLOCAL (0x10000) #define WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLIC (0x20000) #define WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATE (0x40000) #define WFS_PIN_USECHIPINFO (0x100000) #define WFS PIN USECHIPPIN (0x200000) (0x400000) #define WFS_PIN_USECHIPPS #define WFS_PIN_USECHIPMAC (0x800000) #define WFS_PIN_USECHIPLT (0x1000000) #define WFS_PIN_USECHIPMACLZ (0x2000000) (0x4000000) #define WFS_PIN_USECHIPMACAZ #define WFS_PIN_USERSAPUBLICVERIFY (0x8000000)
#define WFS_PIN_USERSAPRIVATESIGN (0x10000000)

/* values of WFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL.ulFuncMask */

#define	WFS_PIN_FK_0	(0x0000001)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_1	(0x0000002)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_2	(0x0000004)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_3	(0x0000008)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_4	(0x0000010)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_5	(0x0000020)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_6	(0x0000040)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_7	(0x0000080)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_8	(0x0000100)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_9	(0x0000200)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_ENTER	(0x0000400)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_CANCEL	(0x0000800)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_CLEAR	(0x00001000)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_BACKSPACE	(0x00002000)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_HELP	(0x00004000)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_DECPOINT	(0x00008000)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_00	(0x00010000)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_000	(0x00020000)

#define	WFS PIN FK RES1	(0×00040000)
#dofino	WEG DIN EV DEGO	$(0 \times 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0)$
#derine	WFS_FIN_FR_RES2	(0x00080000)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_RES3	(0x00100000)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_RES4	(0x00200000)
#define	WFS PIN FK RES5	(0×00400000)
#define	WEG DIN EK DEGG	(0×0.0800000)
#derine	WFS_FIN_FR_RESO	(0x00800000)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_RES7	(0x01000000)
#define	WFS PIN FK RES8	(0x02000000)
#define	WES PIN FK OEM1	(0×0400000)
Hactine	WEG DIN EK OEM2	(008000000)
#deline	WFS_PIN_FK_OEMZ	(0x08000000)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_OEM3	(0x10000000)
#define	WFS PIN FK OEM4	(0x2000000)
#define	WES DIN EK OFM5	(0 - 4000000)
#derine	WFS_FIN_FR_OEMS	(0240000000)
#derine	WFS_PIN_FK_OEM6	(0x80000000)
/* value	es of WFSPINFUNCKEY.ulFDK */	
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK01	(UXUUU00001)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK02	(0x0000002)
#define	WES PIN EK EDKO3	$(0 \times 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4)$
#dofine	WEG DIN EV EDV04	$(0 \times 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1)$
#uerine	Wro_PIN_rk_rDKU4	(UXUUUUUUUU)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK05	(UXUUU00010)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK06	(0x0000020)
#define	WES PIN EK FDK07	$(0 \times 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0)$
#doff	WEG DIN EX EDV00	(0.0000000000)
#derine	MLP_LTN_LV_LDVAQ	(UXUUUUUUUUU)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK09	(0x0000100)
#define	WFS PIN FK FDK10	(0x00000200)
#define	WFS DIN FK FDK11	$(0 \sim 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0)$
#derine	WFS_FIN_FK_FDK12	$(0 \times 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0)$
#derine	WFS_PIN_FK_FDKIZ	$(0 \times 0 0 0 0 0 8 0 0)$
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK13	(0x00001000)
#define	WFS PIN FK FDK14	(0×00002000)
#define	WES DIN EK EDK15	$(0 \sim 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0)$
#derine	WFS_FIN_FK_FDK15	(0200004000)
#derine	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK16	$(0 \times 0 0 0 0 8 0 0 0)$
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK17	(0x00010000)
#define	WFS PIN FK FDK18	(0×0.0020000)
#dofino	WEG DIN EV EDV10	(0x00040000)
#derine	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK19	(0x00040000)
#derine	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK20	$(0 \times 0 0 0 8 0 0 0 0)$
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK21	(0x00100000)
#define	WFS PIN FK FDK22	(0×0.0200000)
#dofino		(0×0.0400000)
#derine	WFS_PIN_FK_FDKZ5	(0x00400000)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK24	(0x00800000)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK25	(0x0100000)
#define	WES PIN EK EDK26	$(0 \times 0 2 0 0 0 0 0)$
#dofino	WEC DIN FR FD27	(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
#deline	WFS_PIN_FK_FDKZ7	(0x04000000)
#detine	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK28	(UXU8U00000)
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK29	(0x1000000)
#define	WFS PIN FK FDK30	(0x20000000)
#define	WEG DIN EX 21	(0×1000000)
"der Tile	MED_FIN_LUTOUST	
#define	WFS_PIN_FK_FDK32	(0x80000000)
/* value	es of WFSPINCRYPT.wMode */	
#define	WFS_PIN_MODEENCRYPT	(1)
#define	WES DIN MODEDECRYDT	(2)
#derine	WFS_FIN_MODEDECKIFI	(2)
#derine	WFS_PIN_MODERANDOM	(3)
/* value	es of WFSPINENTRY.wCompletion */	
		(0)
#detine	WFS_PIN_COMPAUTO	(U)
#define	WFS_PIN_COMPENTER	(1)
#define	WES DIN COMPCANCEL	(2)
		(4)
#uerine	WF5_PIN_COMPCONTINUE	(0)
#define	WFS_PIN_COMPCLEAR	(7)
#define	WFS PIN COMPBACKSPACE	(8)
#define	WES DIN COMDENK	(9)
"der THG		(\mathcal{I})
#detine	MES_PIN_COMPHELP	(10)
#define	WFS_PIN_COMPFK	(11)
#define	WFS PIN COMPCONTFDK	(12)
		. ,

/* values of WFSPINSECMSG.wProtocol */ #define WFS_PIN_PROTISOAS (1)#define WFS_PIN_PROTISOLZ (2)#define WFS_PIN_PROTISOPS (3) #define WFS_PIN_PROTCHIPZKA (4)#define WFS_PIN_PROTRAWDATA (5) #define WFS_PIN_PROTPBM (6) #define WFS_PIN_PROTHSMLDI (7)/* values of WFSPINHSMINIT.wInitMode. */ #define WFS_PIN_INITTEMP (1)#define WFS_PIN_INITDEFINITE (2)#define WFS_PIN_INITIRREVERSIBLE (3)/* values of WFSPINENCIO.wProtocol */ #define WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_CH (0x0001)#define WFS_PIN_ENC_PROT_GIECB (0x0002)/* values for WFS_SRVE_PIN_CERTIFICATE_CHANGE */ #define WFS_PIN_CERT_PRIMARY (0x0000001)#define WFS_PIN_CERT_SECONDARY (0x0000002)#define WFS_PIN_CERT_NOTREADY (0×00000004) /* Values for WFSPINCAPS.dwRSAAuthenticationScheme and the fast-track Capabilities lpszExtra parameter, REMOTE_KEY_SCHEME. */ #define WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_2PARTY_SIG (0×00000001) #define WFS_PIN_RSA_AUTH_3PARTY_CERT (0x0000002)/* Values for WFSPINCAPS.dwSignatureScheme and the fast-track Capabilities lpzExtra parameter, SIGNATURE_CAPABILITIES. */ #define WFS_PIN_SIG_GEN_RSA_KEY_PAIR (0×00000001) #define WFS_PIN_SIG_RANDOM_NUMBER #define WFS_PIN_SIG_EXPORT_EPP_ID (0x0000002)(0x0000004)/* values of WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY.dwRSASignatureAlgorithm */ #define WFS_PIN_SIGN_NA (0)#define WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PKCS1_V1_5 (0×00000001) (0x0000002)#define WFS_PIN_SIGN_RSASSA_PSS /* values of WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT.dwRSAKeyCheckMode */ #define WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_NONE (0x0000000)#define WFS_PIN_RSA_KCV_SHA1 (0×00000001) values of WFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM.wExportItemType and /* /* WFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEM.wExportItemType #define WFS_PIN_EXPORT_EPP_ID (0×0001) #define WFS_PIN_EXPORT PUBLIC KEY (0x0002)/* values of WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY.dwRSAEncipherAlgorithm */ #define WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_PKCS1_V1_5 (0x0000001)#define WFS_PIN_CRYPT_RSAES_OAEP (0x0000002)/* values of WFSPINGENERATERSAKEYPAIR.wExponentValue */ #define WFS_PIN_DEFAULT (0) #define WFS_PIN_EXPONENT (1)#define WFS_PIN_EXPONENT_4 (2) #define WFS_PIN_EXPONENT_16 (3) /* values of WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT.wKeyLength and */ /* WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDKEYPKCS70UT.wKeyLength */ #define WFS_PIN_KEYSINGLE (0×0001) #define WFS_PIN_KEYDOUBLE (0×0002) /* values of WFSPINGETCERTIFICATE.wGetCertificate */ #define WFS_PIN_PUBLICKENCKEY (1)#define WFS_PIN_PUBLICVERIFICATIONKEY (2)

/* values for WFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY.wImportScheme */
#define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PLAIN_CA (0x0001)
#define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_CHKSUM_CA (0x0002)
#define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_EPI_CA (0x0003)
#define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ISSUER (0x0004)
#define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC (0x0005)
#define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_ICC_PIN (0x0006)
#define WFS_PIN_EMV_IMPORT_PKCSV1_5_CA (0x0007)
/* values for WFSPINDIGEST.wHashAlgorithm */
#define WFS_PIN_HASH_SHA1_DIGEST (0x0001)

/* XFS PIN Errors */

#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTFOUND	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 0))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_MODENOTSUPPORTED	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 1))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_ACCESSDENIED	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 2))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDID	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 3))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_DUPLICATEKEY	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 4))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOVALUE	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 6))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_USEVIOLATION	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 7))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOPIN	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 8))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDKEYLENGTH	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 9))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYINVALID	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 10))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEYNOTSUPPORTED	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 11))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOACTIVEKEYS	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 12))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOTERMINATEKEYS	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 14))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_MINIMUMLENGTH	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 15))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTOCOLNOTSUPP	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 16))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDDATA	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 17))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOTALLOWED	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 18))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOKEYRAM	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 19))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_NOCHIPTRANSACTIVE	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 20))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_ALGORITHMNOTSUPP	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 21))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATNOTSUPP	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 22))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_HSMSTATEINVALID	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 23))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_MACINVALID	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 24))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_PROTINVALID	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 25))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_FORMATINVALID	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 26))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_CONTENTINVALID	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 27))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_SIG_NOT_SUPP	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 29))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALID_MOD_LEN	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 31))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_INVALIDCERTSTATE	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 32))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_KEY_GENERATION_ERROR	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 33))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_EMV_VERIFY_FAILED	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 34))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_RANDOMINVALID	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 35))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_SIGNATUREINVALID	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 36))
#define	WFS_ERR_PIN_SNSCDINVALID	(-(PIN_SERVICE_OFFSET + 37))
#define	WFS ERR PIN NORSAKEYPAIR	(-(PIN SERVICE OFFSET + 38))

typedef struct _wfs_pin_status

ι			
	WORD		fwDevice;
	WORD		<pre>fwEncStat;</pre>
	LPSTR		lpszExtra;
ł	WFSPINSTATUS,	*	LPWFSPINSTATUS;

typedef struct _wfs_pin_caps

WORD	wClass;
WORD	fwType;
BOOL	bCompound;
USHORT	usKeyNum;
WORD	fwAlgorithms;
WORD	fwPinFormats;
WORD	fwDerivationAlgorithms;
WORD	fwPresentationAlgorithms;
WORD	fwDisplay;

```
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```

```
BOOL
                      bIDConnect;
   WORD
                      fwIDKey;
   WORD
                      fwValidationAlgorithms;
                      fwKeyCheckModes;
   WORD
   LPSTR
                      lpszExtra;
} WFSPINCAPS, * LPWFSPINCAPS;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_key_detail
ł
   LPSTR
                      lpsKeyName;
   WORD
                      fwUse;
                      bLoaded;
   BOOL
} WFSPINKEYDETAIL, * LPWFSPINKEYDETAIL;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_fdk
ł
   ULONG
                      11] FDK;
   USHORT
                      usXPosition;
   USHORT
                      usYPosition;
} WFSPINFDK, * LPWFSPINFDK;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_func_key_detail
ł
   ULONG
                      ulFuncMask;
   USHORT
                     usNumberFDKs;
                    * lppFDKs;
   LPWFSPINFDK
} WFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL, * LPWFSPINFUNCKEYDETAIL;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_key_detail_ex
   LPSTR
                lpsKeyName;
   DWORD
                dwUse;
   BYTE
                bGeneration;
   BYTE
                bVersion;
   BYTE
                bActivatingDate[4];
                bExpiryDate[4];
   BYTE
   BOOL
                bLoaded;
} WFSPINKEYDETAILEX, * LPWFSPINKEYDETAILEX;
/*_____*
/* PIN Execute Command Structures */
typedef struct _wfs_hex_data
ł
   USHORT
                      usLength;
   LPBYTE
                      lpbData;
} WFSXDATA, * LPWFSXDATA;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_crypt
   WORD
                      wMode;
   LPSTR
                      lpsKey;
   LPWFSXDATA
                      lpxKeyEncKey;
   WORD
                      wAlgorithm;
   LPSTR
                     lpsStartValueKey;
   LPWFSXDATA
                      lpxStartValue;
   BYTE
                      bPadding;
   BYTE
                bCompression;
   LPWFSXDATA
                      lpxCryptData;
} WFSPINCRYPT, * LPWFSPINCRYPT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import
{
   LPSTR
                      lpsKey;
   LPSTR
                      lpsEncKey;
   LPWFSXDATA
                      lpxIdent;
   LPWFSXDATA
                      lpxValue;
   WORD
                      fwUse;
} WFSPINIMPORT, * LPWFSPINIMPORT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_derive
{
   WORD
                      wDerivationAlgorithm;
```

```
LPSTR
                         lpsKey;
    LPSTR
                         lpsKeyGenKey;
    LPSTR
                         lpsStartValueKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxStartValue;
    BYTE
                        bPadding;
    LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxInputData;
    LPWFSXDATA
                        lpxIdent;
 } WFSPINDERIVE, * LPWFSPINDERIVE;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_getpin
    USHORT
                         usMinLen;
    USHORT
                         usMaxLen;
    BOOL
                        bAutoEnd;
    CHAR
                         cEcho;
    ULONG
                         ulActiveFDKs;
    ULONG
                        ulActiveKeys;
    ULONG
                        ulTerminateFDKs;
    ULONG
                        ulTerminateKeys;
} WFSPINGETPIN, * LPWFSPINGETPIN;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_entry
ł
    USHORT
                         usDigits;
    WORD
                         wCompletion;
} WFSPINENTRY, * LPWFSPINENTRY;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_local_des
ł
    LPSTR
                         lpsValidationData;
                         lpsOffset;
    LPSTR
    BYTE
                        bPadding;
    USHORT
                        usMaxPIN;
    USHORT
                        usValDigits;
    BOOL
                        bNoLeadingZero;
    LPSTR
                         lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxKeyEncKey;
    LPSTR
                         lpsDecTable;
} WFSPINLOCALDES, * LPWFSPINLOCALDES;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_create_offset
                         lpsValidationData;
    LPSTR
    BYTE
                         bPadding;
    USHORT
                        usMaxPIN;
    USHORT
                         usValDigits;
    LPSTR
                         lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxKeyEncKey;
                         lpsDecTable;
    LPSTR
} WFSPINCREATEOFFSET, * LPWFSPINCREATEOFFSET;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_local_eurocheque
ł
    LPSTR
                         lpsEurochequeData;
                         lpsPVV;
    LPSTR
    WORD
                         wFirstEncDigits;
    WORD
                        wFirstEncOffset;
    WORD
                        wPVVDigits;
    WORD
                        wPVVOffset;
    LPSTR
                         lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                         lpxKeyEncKey;
                         lpsDecTable;
    LPSTR
} WFSPINLOCALEUROCHEQUE, * LPWFSPINLOCALEUROCHEQUE;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_local_visa
{
    LPSTR
                         lpsPAN;
    LPSTR
                         lpsPVV;
                         wPVVDigits;
    WORD
    LPSTR
                         lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                        lpxKeyEncKey;
} WFSPINLOCALVISA, * LPWFSPINLOCALVISA;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_presentidc
```

```
{
    WORD
                        wPresentAlgorithm;
    WORD
                        wChipProtocol;
                        ulChipDataLength;
    ULONG
    LPRYTE
                        lpbChipData;
    LPVOID
                        lpAlgorithmData;
} WFSPINPRESENTIDC, * LPWFSPINPRESENTIDC;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_present_result
    WORD
                        wChipProtocol;
    ULONG
                        ulChipDataLength;
    LPBYTE
                        lpbChipData;
} WFSPINPRESENTRESULT, * LPWFSPINPRESENTRESULT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_presentclear
ł
    ULONG
                        ulPINPointer;
    USHORT
                        usPINOffset;
} WFSPINPRESENTCLEAR, * LPWFSPINPRESENTCLEAR;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_block
ł
    LPSTR
                        lpsCustomerData;
    LPSTR
                        lpsXORData;
    BYTE
                        bPadding;
    WORD
                        wFormat;
    LPSTR
                        lpsKey;
                        lpsKeyEncKey;
    LPSTR
} WFSPINBLOCK, * LPWFSPINBLOCK;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_getdata
{
    USHORT
                        usMaxLen;
    BOOL
                        bAutoEnd;
    ULONG
                        ulActiveFDKs;
    ULONG
                        ulActiveKeys;
    ULONG
                        ulTerminateFDKs;
    ULONG
                       ulTerminateKeys;
} WFSPINGETDATA, * LPWFSPINGETDATA;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_key
{
    WORD
                  wCompletion;
    ULONG
                 ulDigit;
} WFSPINKEY, * LPWFSPINKEY;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_data
{
    USHORT
                        usKeys;
    LPWFSPINKEY
                       *lpPinKeys;
    WORD
                        wCompletion;
} WFSPINDATA, * LPWFSPINDATA;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_init
ł
    LPWFSXDATA
                        lpxIdent;
    LPWFSXDATA
                        lpxKey;
} WFSPININIT, * LPWFSPININIT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_local_banksys
    LPWFSXDATA
                       lpxATMVAC;
} WFSPINLOCALBANKSYS, * LPWFSPINLOCALBANKSYS;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_banksys_io
ł
    ULONG
                        ulLength;
    LPBYTE
                        lpbData;
} WFSPINBANKSYSIO, * LPWFSPINBANKSYSIO;
```

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_secure_message
    WORD
                  wProtocol;
    ULONG
                 ulLength;
    LPRYTE
                 lpbMsg;
} WFSPINSECMSG, * LPWFSPINSECMSG;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_key_ex
{
    LPSTR
                lpsKey;
                lpsEncKey;
    LPSTR
    LPWFSXDATA lpxValue;
LPWFSXDATA lpxControlVector;
    DWORD
                dwUse;
    WORD
                wKeyCheckMode;
    LPWFSXDATA lpxKeyCheckValue;
} WFSPINIMPORTKEYEX, * LPWFSPINIMPORTKEYEX;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_enc_io
ł
    WORD
                  wProtocol;
    ULONG
                  ulDataLength;
    LPVOID
                  lpvData;
} WFSPINENCIO, *LPWFSPINENCIO;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_public_key
{
    LPSTR
                 lpsKey;
    LPWFSXDATA
                lpxValue;
    DWORD
                 dwUse;
                 lpsSiqKey;
    LPSTR
                dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
lpxSignature;
    DWORD
    LPWFSXDATA
} WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY, * LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEY;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_public_key_output
Ł
    DWORD
                 dwRSAKevCheckMode;
                 lpxKeyCheckValue;
    LPWFSXDATA
 WFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT, * LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAPUBLICKEYOUTPUT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_export_rsa_issuer_signed_item
{
    WORD
                 wExportItemType;
    LPSTR
                 lpsName;
 WFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM, * LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEM;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_export_rsa_issuer_signed_item_output
{
    LPWFSXDATA
                 lpxValue;
    DWORD
                 dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
    LPWFSXDATA
                 lpxSignature;
 WFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT, * LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAISSUERSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT;
}
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_signed_des_key
{
    LPSTR
                 lpsKey;
                 lpsDecryptKey;
    LPSTR
    DWORD
                dwRSAEncipherAlgorithm;
    LPWFSXDATA
                lpxValue;
    DWORD
                 dwUse;
                 lpsSigKey;
    LPSTR
    DWORD
                dwRSASignatureAlgorithm;
    LPWFSXDATA
                 lpxSignature;
 WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY, * LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEY;
}
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_signed_des_key_output
ł
                 wKeyLength;
    WORD
    WORD
                 wKeyCheckMode;
    LPWFSXDATA
                 lpxKeyCheckValue;
} WFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT, * LPWFSPINIMPORTRSASIGNEDDESKEYOUTPUT;
```

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{		
	LPSTR	lpsKey;
	DWORD	dwUse;
	WORD	wModulusLength;
,	WORD	wExponentValue;
}	WFSPINGENERA	TERSAKEYPAIR, * LPWFSPINGENERATERSAKEYPAIR;
+ -	modef struct	what min ownerst was own gigned item
ſ	ypedel struct	_wis_pin_export_rsa_epp_signed_item
ι	WORD	wExport ItemType:
	LPSTR	lpsName;
	LPSTR	lpsSigKey;
	DWORD	dwSignatureAlgorithm;
}	WFSPINEXPORT	RSAEPPSIGNEDITEM, * LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEM;
	1.5	
t r	ypedet struct	_wis_pin_export_rsa_epp_signed_item_output
٤		
	LPWFSADAIA	lpxSelfSignature:
	LPWFSXDATA	lpxSignature;
}	WFSPINEXPORT	RSAEPPSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT, * LPWFSPINEXPORTRSAEPPSIGNEDITEMOUTPUT;
, ,		
t	ypedef struct	_wfs_pin_load_certificate
ł	I DUDOVDADA	
ı	LPWFSXDATA	
ß	WFSPINLOADCE	RIFICALE, "LPWFSPINLOADCERIFICALE,
t	vpedef struct	wfs pin load certificate output
{		
Ì	LPWFSXDATA	lpxCertificateData;
}	WFSPINLOADCER	RTIFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINLOADCERTIFICATEOUTPUT;
t	ypedef struct	_wfs_pin_get_certificate
ł	MODD	· Cot Conti fi coto ·
l	WESDINGETOFP	
J	MI DI INGLICII.	
t	ypedef struct	_wfs_pin_get_certificate_output
{		
	LPWFSXDATA	lpxCertificate;
}	WFSPINGETCER	<pre>FIFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINGETCERTIFICATEOUTPUT;</pre>
		ufa nin uanlaga sautifizata
ل ر	ypedel struct	wis_pin_replace_certificate
ι	LPWFSXDATA	lpxReplaceCertificate;
}	WFSPINREPLACE	ECERTIFICATE, *LPWFSPINREPLACECERTIFICATE;
,		
t	ypedef struct	_wfs_pin_replace_certificate_output
{		
,	LPWFSXDATA	lpxNewCertificateData;
}	WFSPINREPLAC	ECERTFICATEOUTPUT, *LPWFSPINREPLCACECERTFICATEOUTPUT;
+ -	medef struct	wfa nin start key eyshange
{	ypeace berace	
Ľ		
ı	LPWFSXDATA	IpxRandomItem;
}	WFSPINSIARIKI	LIEACHANGE, "LPWFSPINSIARIKEIEACHANGE/
	modof street	wfa nin import was enginhered that have
C J	ypeder struct	_wis_pin_import_rsa_enciphered_pkcs/_key
ι	LPWESXDATA	lpxImportRSAKevIn;
	LPSTR	lpsKev;
	DWORD	dwUse;
}	WFSPINIMPORT	RSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEY, * LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDPKCS7KEY;

```
typedef struct _wfs_pin_import_rsa_enciphered_key_pkcs7_output
ł
   WORD
                wKeyLength;
   LPWFSXDATA
               lpxRSAData;
}WFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDKEYPKCS70UT, *LPWFSPINIMPORTRSAENCIPHEREDKEYPKCS70UT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_emv_import_public_key
{
   LPSTR
                lpsKey;
   DWORD
                dwUse;
   WORD
                wImportScheme;
   LPWFSXDATA
                lpxImportData;
                lpsSigKey;
   LPSTR
} WFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY, * LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEY;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_emv_import_public_key_output
   LPSTR
                lpsExpiryDate;
}
 WFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEYOUTPUT, * LPWFSPINEMVIMPORTPUBLICKEYOUTPUT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_digest
   WORD
                 wHashAlgorithm;
WORD wHashAlgorithm;
LPWFSXDATA lpxDigestInput;
} WFSPINDIGEST, * LPWFSPINDIGEST;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_digest_output
{
   LPWFSXDATA
                lpxDigestOutput;
 WFSPINDIGESTOUTPUT, * LPWFSPINDIGESTOUTPUT;
typedef struct _wfs_pin_hsm_init
{
                wInitMode;
   WORD
               lpxOnlineTime;
   LPWFSXDATA
} WFSPINHSMINIT, * LPWFSPINHSMINIT;
/*_____*
/* PIN Message Structures */
/*______
typedef struct _wfs_pin_access
{
   LPSTR
                lpsKeyName;
                lErrorCode;
   LONG
} WFSPINACCESS, * LPWFSPINACCESS;
/* restore alignment */
#pragma pack(pop)
#ifdef __cplusplus
       /*extern "C"*/
#endif
#endif /* INC XFSPIN H */
```